



Identifying Hidden Opportunities in Your Operations: Benefits of a Total Plant Approach

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Agenda

- Brewery overview
 - Holistic perspective
- Key performance indicators (KPIs)
 - Brewery-specific goals
- Case studies
 - Reduction in water usage
 - Reduction in energy usage
 - Project prioritization
- Baseline tracking
- Open discussion / Q&A



WATER

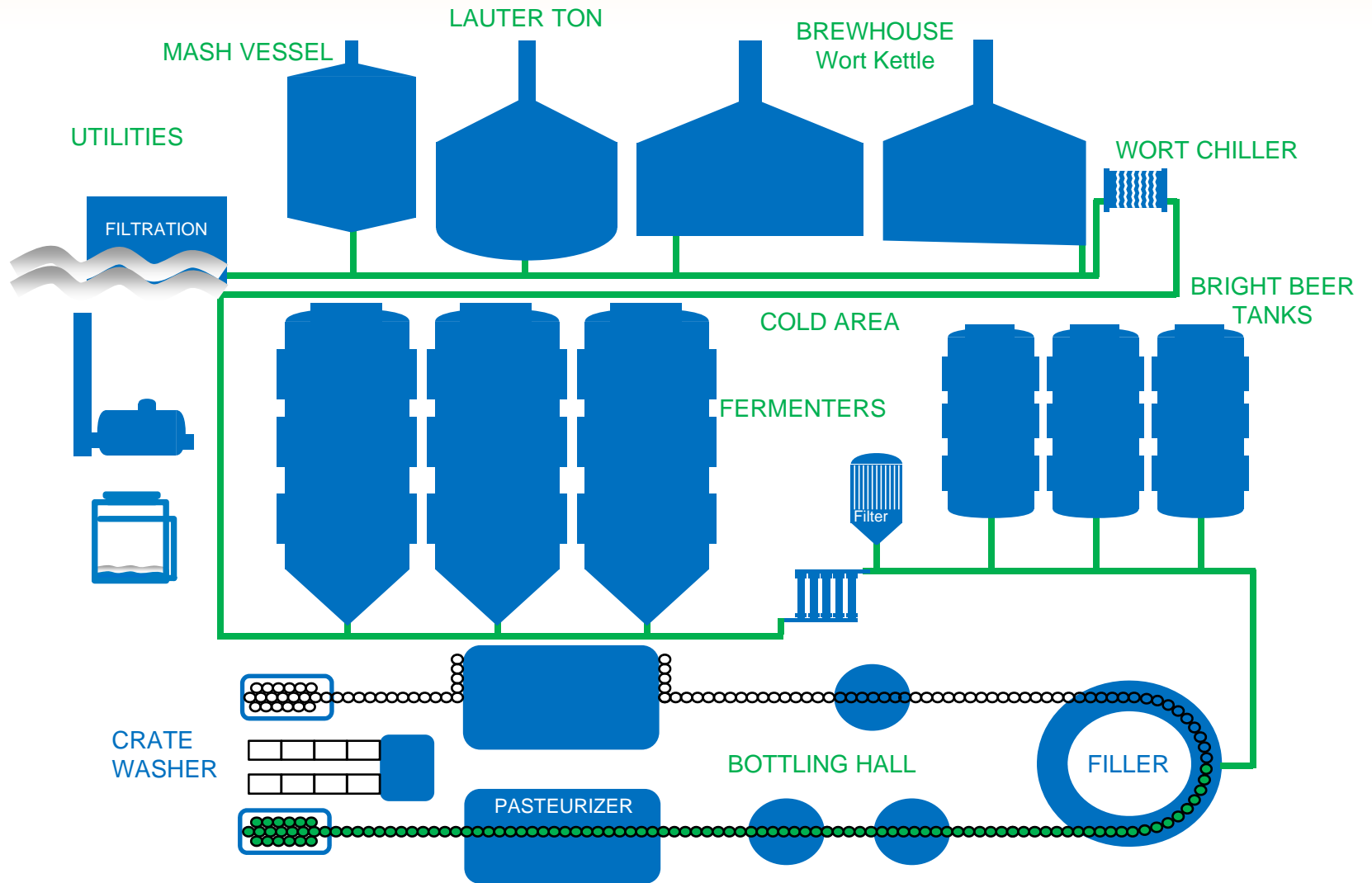


ENERGY



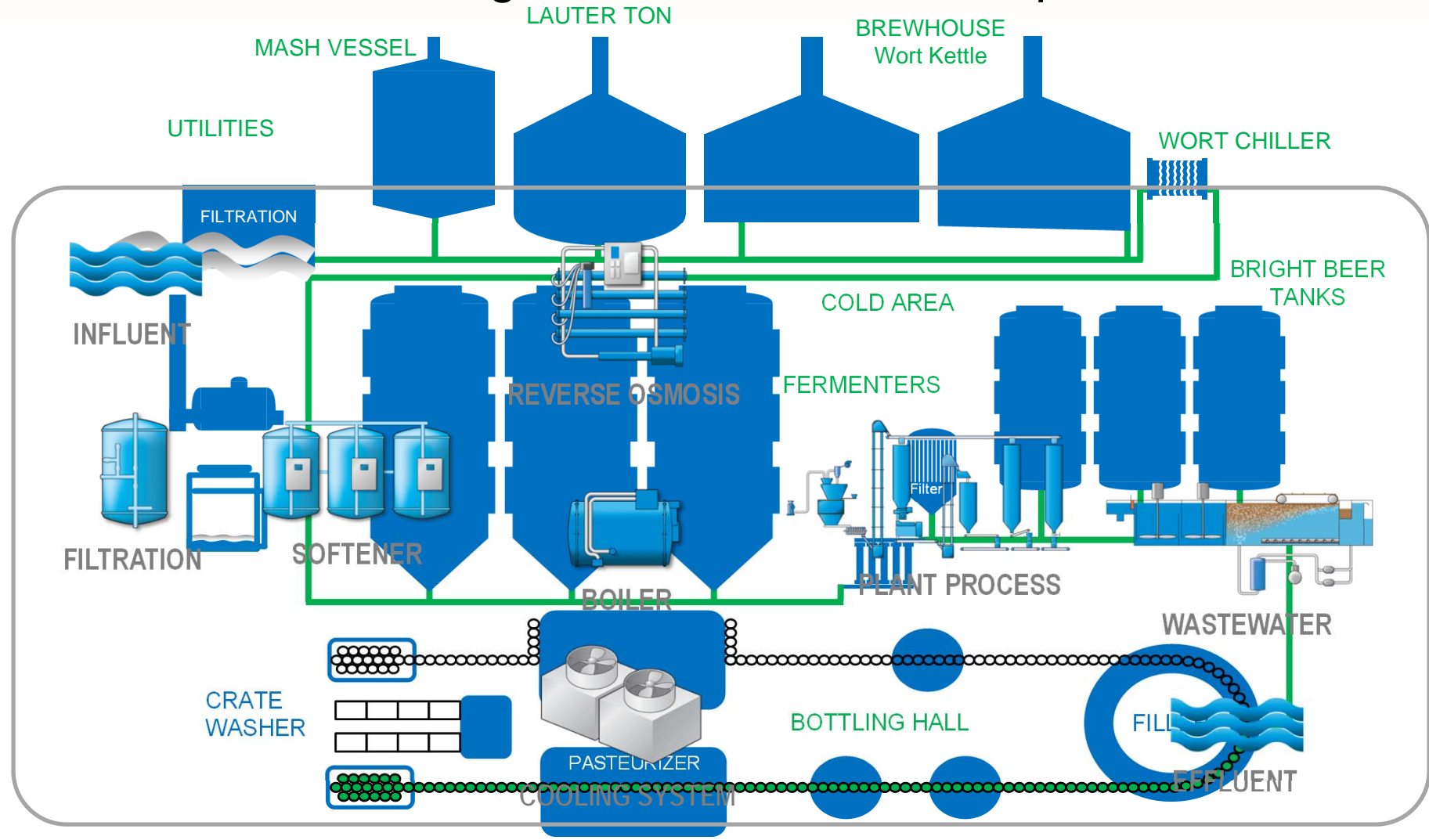
PRODUCTIVITY

Brewery Overview



Holistic Approach

Understanding Your Interconnected Operations



Holistic Approach

Understanding Your Interconnected Operations

Water Treatment



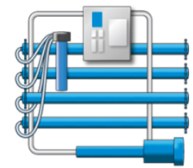
INFLUENT



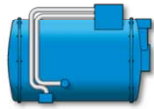
FILTRATION



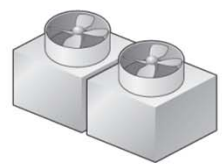
SOFTENER



REVERSE OSMOSIS

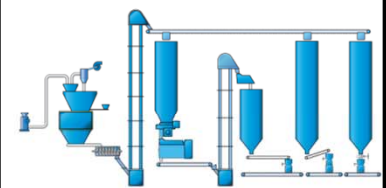


BOILER



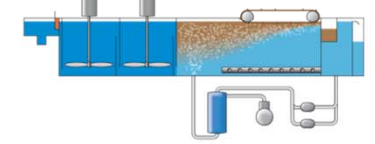
COOLING SYSTEM

Cleaning & Sanitization



PLANT PROCESS

Wastewater Treatment



WASTEWATER

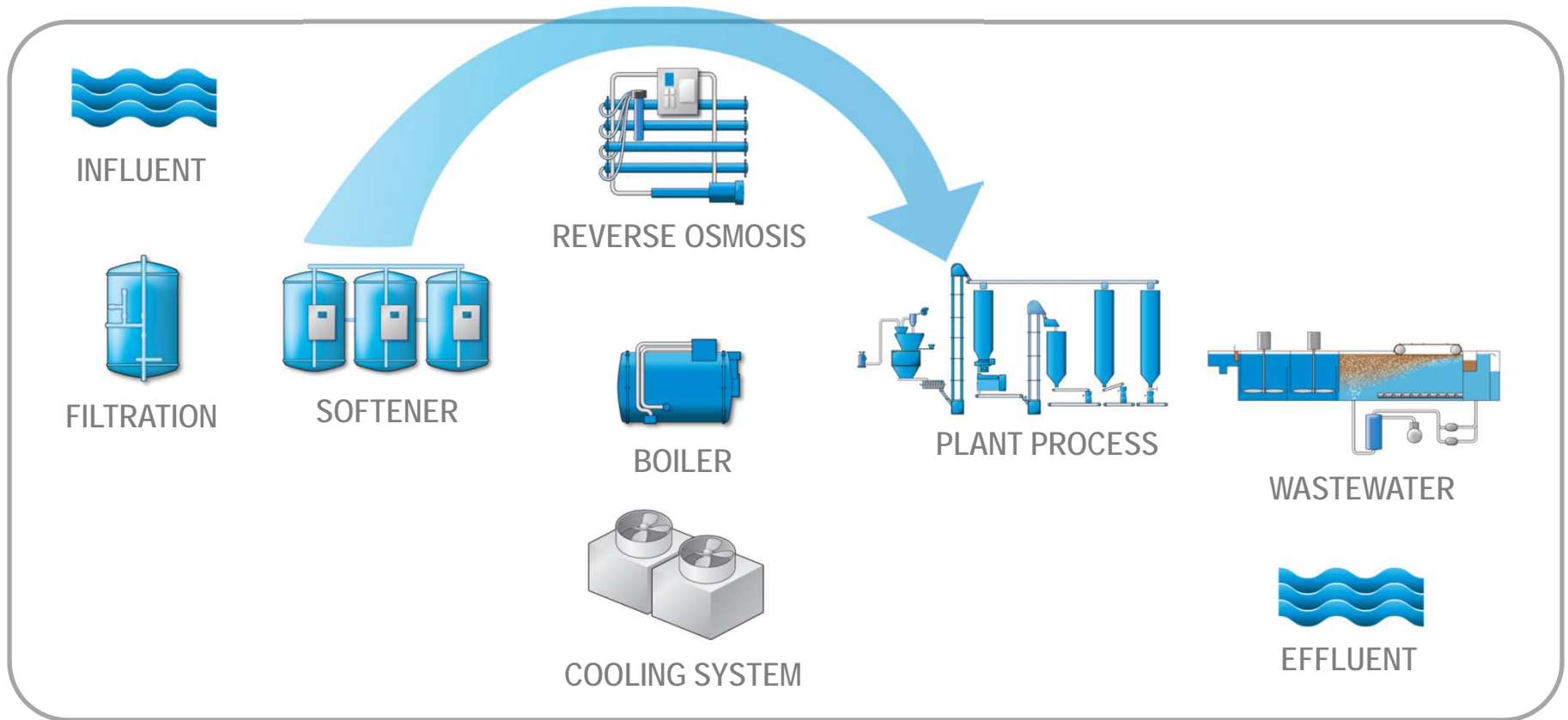


EFFLUENT

Holistic Approach

Understanding Your Interconnected Operations

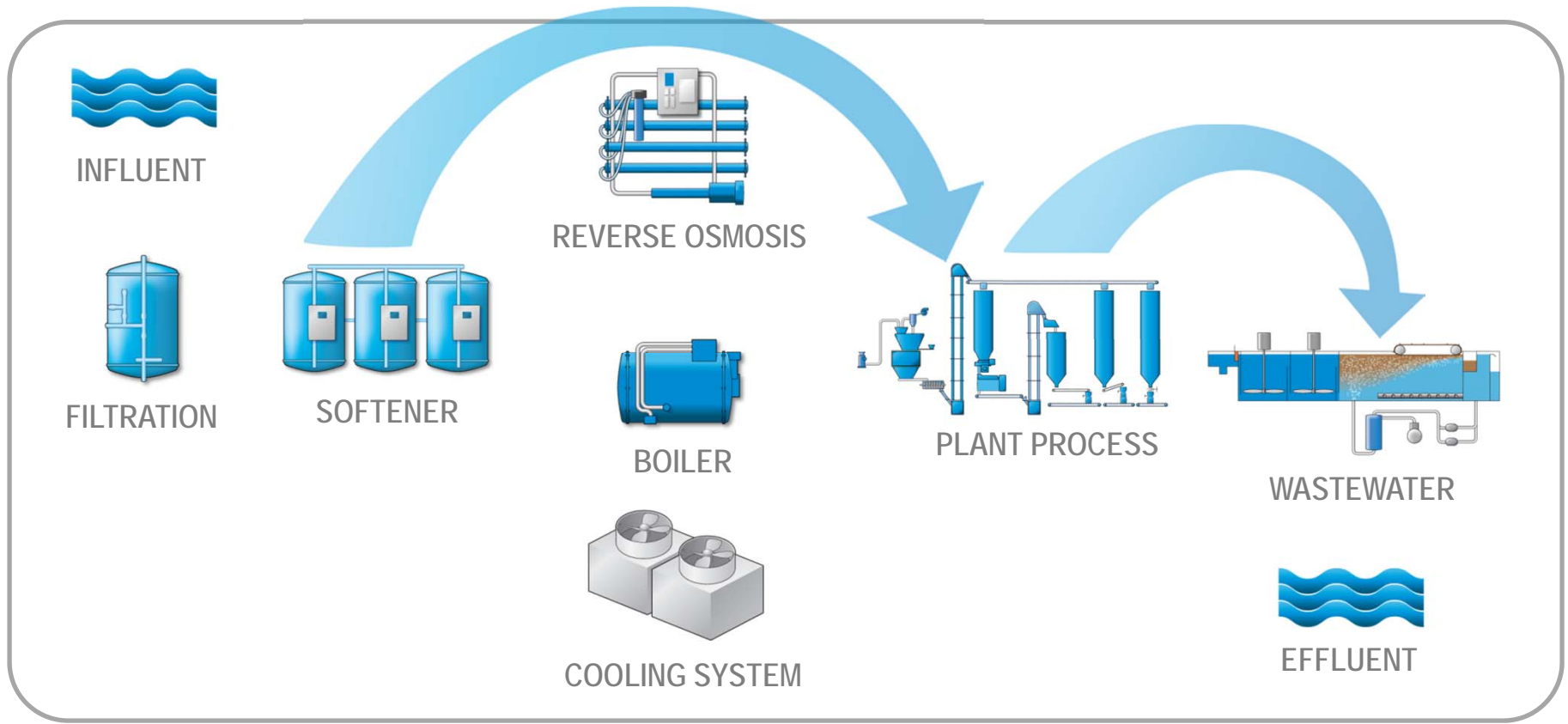
Water quality impacts cleaning efficiency



Holistic Approach

Understanding Your Interconnected Operations

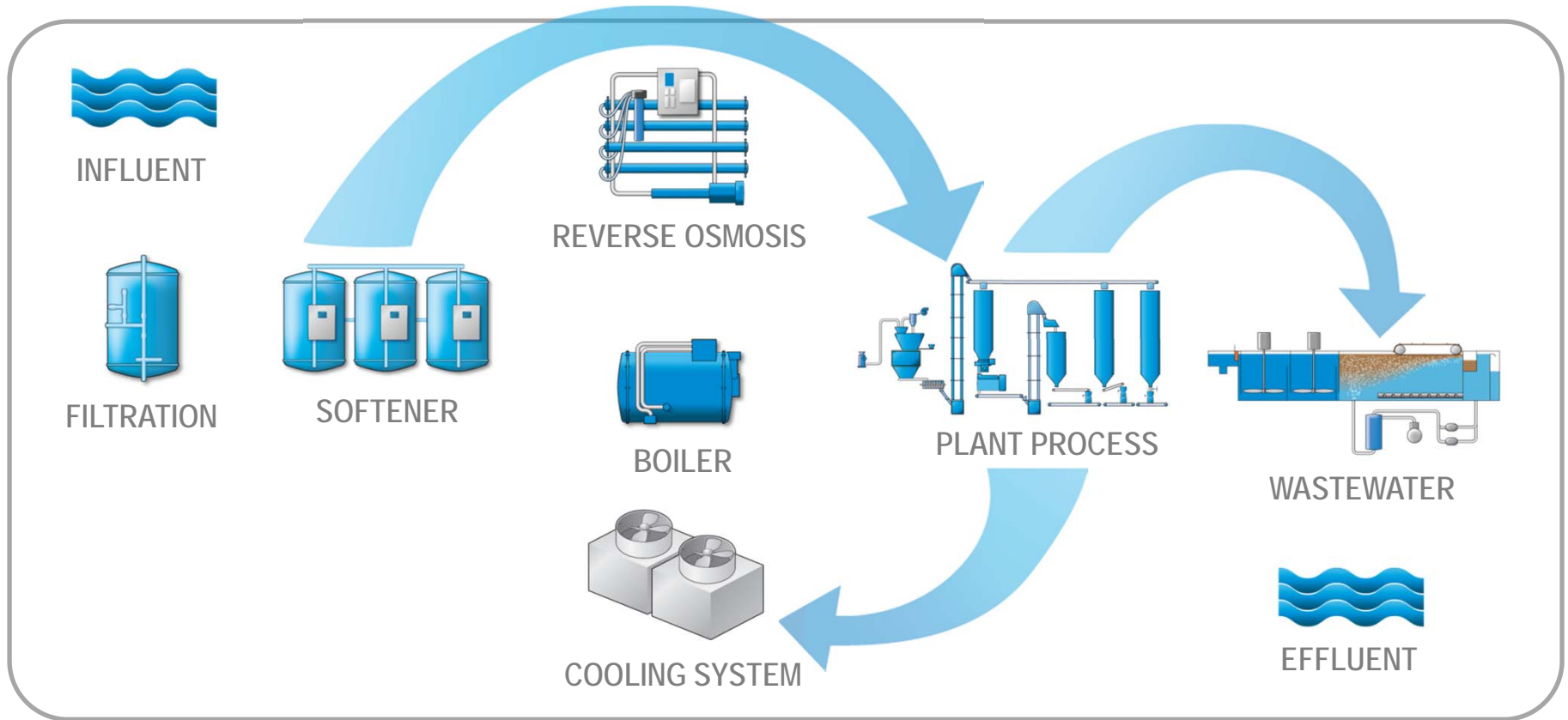
Cleaning chemistry affects wastewater treatment



Holistic Approach

Understanding Your Interconnected Operations

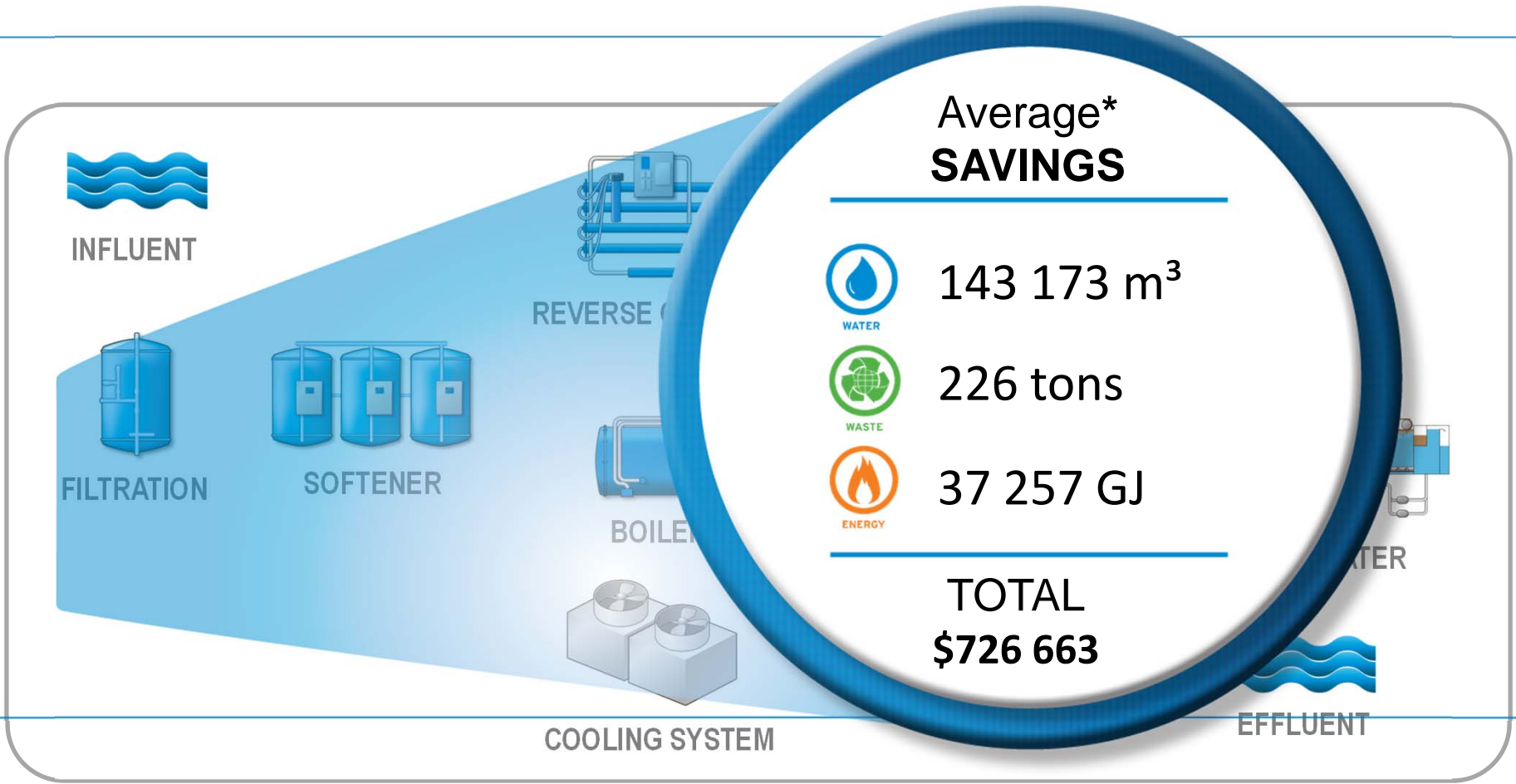
Water and heat/energy from one process can be used in another



REPURPOSE | REUSE | REDUCE

Proven Results from Partnerships

Delivering Improved Profits



Averages based on Total Plant Assessments conducted and implemented at 45 food and beverage manufacturing and processing facilities.

Determining Your Business Drivers

Product quality



PRODUCT QUALITY



FOOD SAFETY

- Food and product safety
- Product quality
- Brand image

Operational efficiency



PRODUCTIVITY

- Total cost of operation reductions
- Improved productivity

Sustainability



WATER



ENERGY



WASTE

- Water
- Energy
- Waste

Assessment Scope

Reduce Water



Reduce Energy



Increase Productivity



Waste Stream Impact



Maintain and Improve Product Quality



Reduce Total Costs



Assessment Process

Pre Assessment

- ▲ Schedule assessment
- ▲ Identify team
- ▲ Detailed assessment of current plant processes
- ▲ Gather appropriate data
- ▲ Baseline current usage

3 to 4 weeks

Assessment

- ▲ Perform assessment
- ▲ Establish benchmarks
- ▲ Identify opportunities

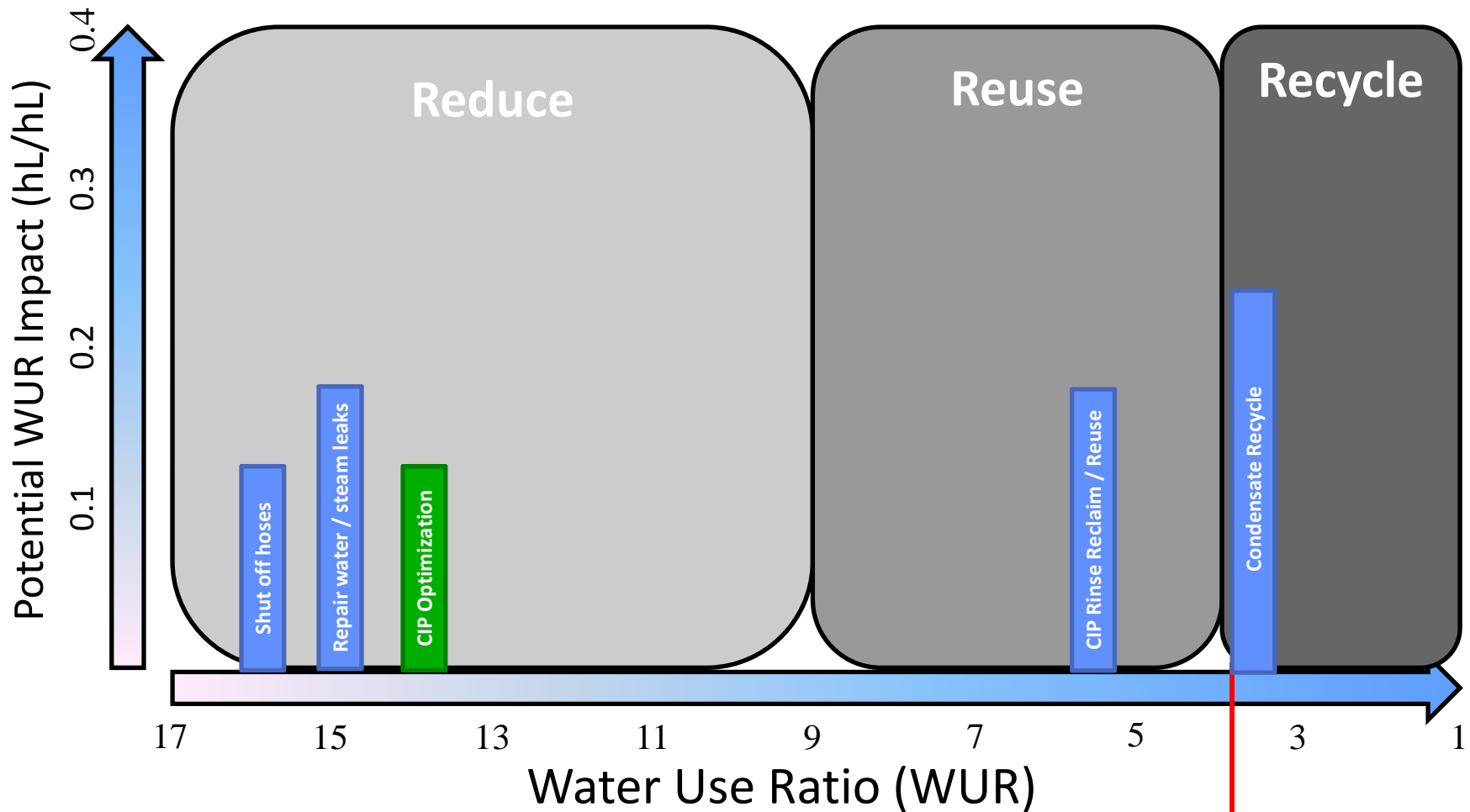
1 week

Post Assessment

- ▲ Analyze data
- ▲ Determine an action plan for implementation
- ▲ Track progress

2 to 4 weeks

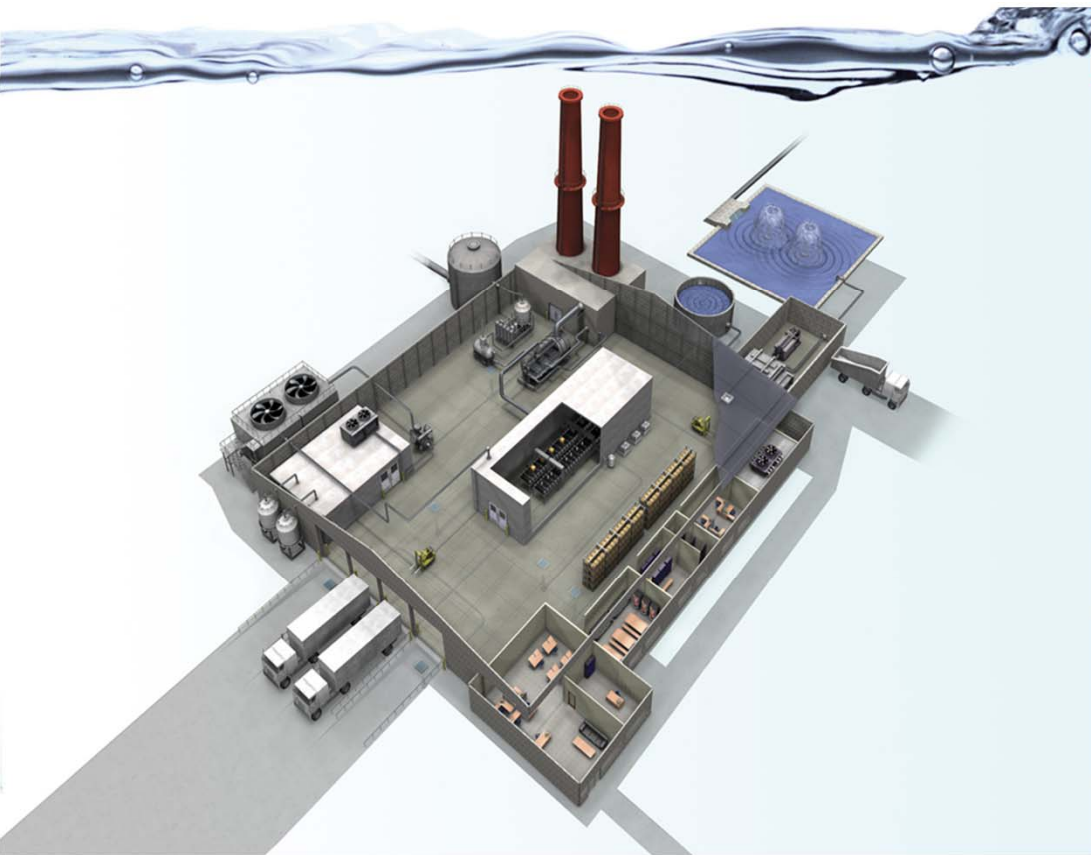
WUR Optimization Continuum



Industry Average = 3.66

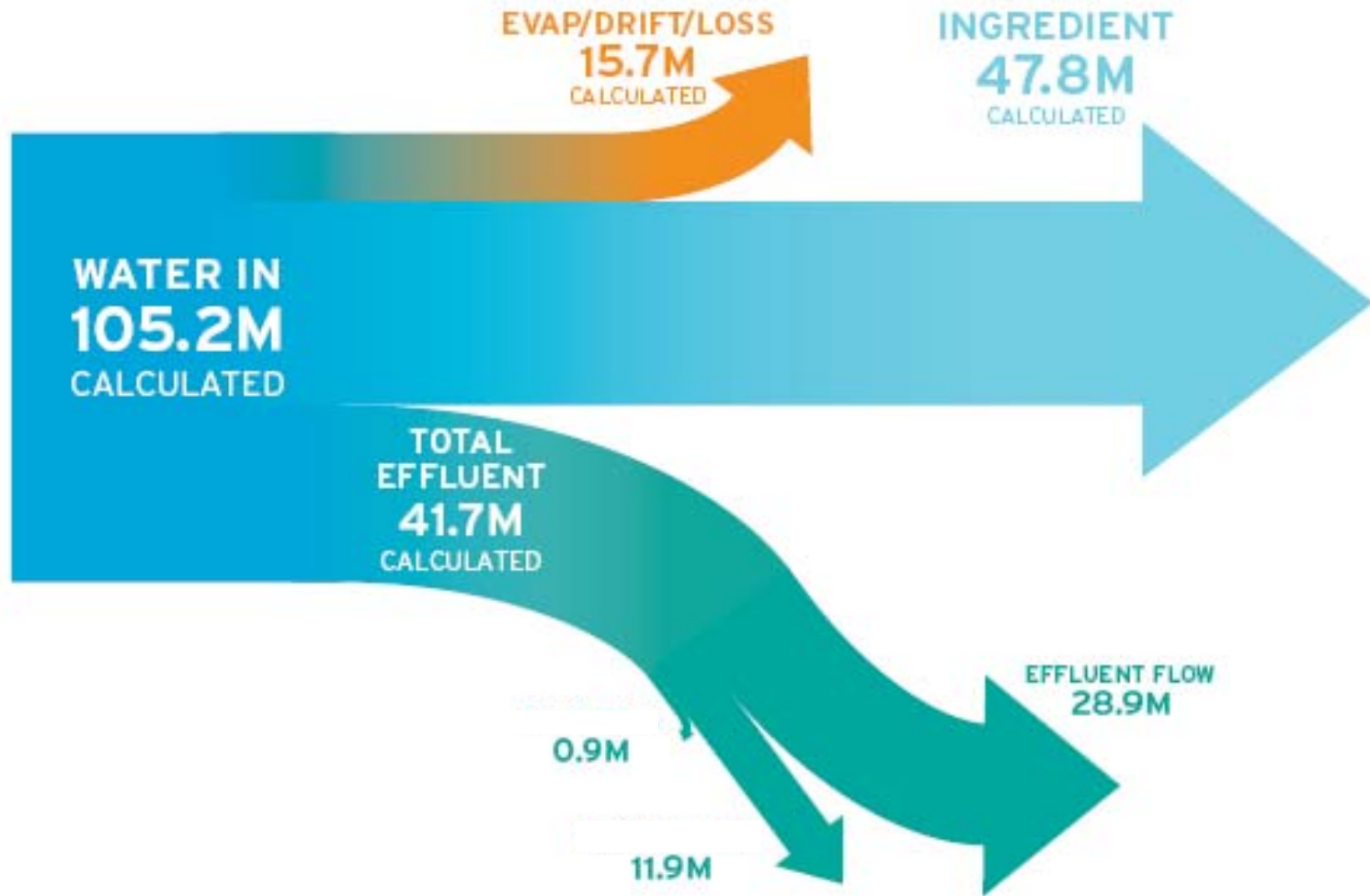
* 2013 BIER Water Stewardship Benchmarking Study

Brewing Industry Water & Energy Norms



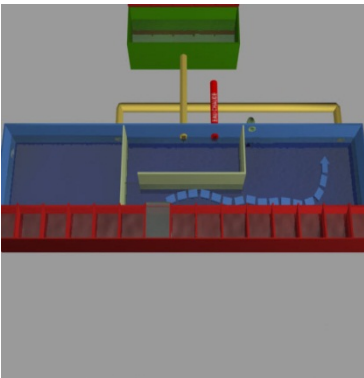
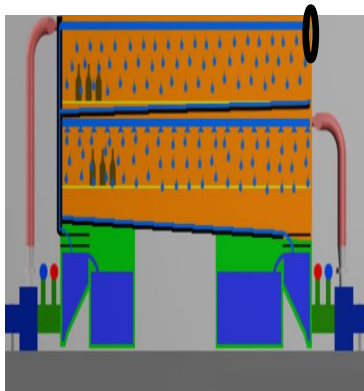
| Parameters | Norms |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Water | 2.5 – 6.5 hl/hl |
| Energy | 75 – 180 MJ/hl |
| Steam | 29 – 78 kg/ hl |
| Condensate | 60 – 95 % |
| Natural gas | 2.4 – 3.9 m3/ hl |
| Electricity | 7.8 – 11.8 kWh/ hl |
| Chillers (% of total electricity) | 40 – 50 % |
| Waster water | 295 – 490 lit/ hl 0.5 – 1.5 kg BOD/ hl 0.8 – 2.5 kg COD/ hl |
| Waste water sludge | 0.6 kg/ hl |

Plant Water Balance



Case Study #1 – Pasteurizer Water Reduction

1



- ✓ Relocate non-oxidizing biocide feed from top to bottom deck
- ✓ Increase non-oxidizing biocide frequency
- ✓ Install a Weir block off plate on side opposite of the pump, top deck

OPERATIONAL SAVINGS IMPACT:

| | | | | |
|---------------------|----------------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|
| WATER \$ 150,000 | ENERGY \$ 126,402 | WASTE (\$) | PROD. (\$) | CHEMICAL (\$) |
|---------------------|----------------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|

SUSTAINABILITY IMPACT:

| | | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|------------------|----------|
| WATER (hL) 600,000 | ENERGY (GJ) 22,118 | WASTE (KG) | PROD. (HOURS) | CHEMICAL |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|------------------|----------|



WATER



ENERGY



WASTE



PRODUCTIVITY



REDUCE COSTS

OVERALL IMPACT:

| | |
|----------------------|---------------------------------|
| TOTAL ANNUAL SAVINGS | \$ 276,402 |
| ONE-TIME INVESTMENT | \$ 5,000 |
| SIMPLE PAYBACK | Immediate; 0.17 hL/hL reduction |

HOUSEHOLDS:



158



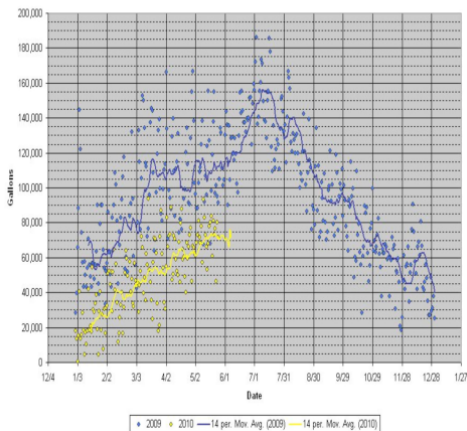
278

Case Study #2 – Cooling Water Blow-down Reduction Through Automation

2

- ✓ Cycles of Concentration (COC) at 6 based on conductivity
- ✓ Actual COC at 3.5 based on mineral analysis, and low stress conditions
- ✓ Increased COC to 10 based on conductivity using on-line stress monitoring and control

Total Evap Water Makeup (All Sources)



OPERATIONAL SAVINGS IMPACT:



SUSTAINABILITY IMPACT:



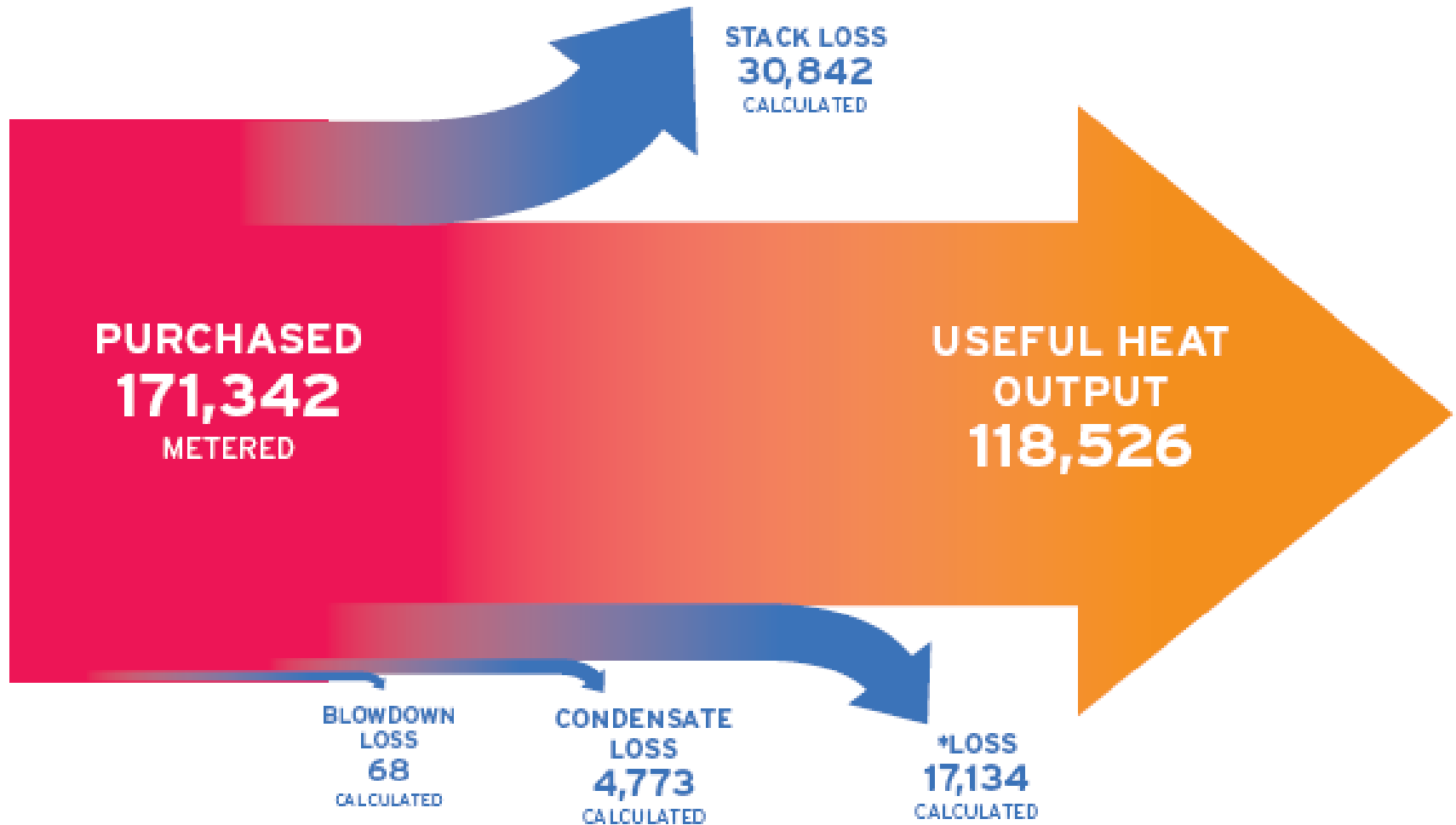
OVERALL IMPACT:

| | |
|---|------------------|
| TOTAL ANNUAL SAVINGS | \$ 33,000 |
| ONE-TIME INVESTMENT | \$ 10,000 |
| SIMPLE PAYBACK 3.5 months; 0.035 hL/hL reduction | |

HOUSEHOLDS:



Plant Energy Balance



All values in DTH

Case Study #3 – Energy Recovery

3

- ✓ Air Compressors and CO₂ Compressors require a cooling media
- ✓ Instead of utilizing a cooling tower system, cool with water supplying the 180F hot water system
- ✓ This reduces steam demand to make 180F hot water



OPERATIONAL SAVINGS IMPACT:

| | | | | |
|-----------------|---------------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|
| WATER \$ 929 | ENERGY \$ 80,669 | WASTE (\$) | PROD. (\$) | CHEMICAL (\$) |
|-----------------|---------------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|

SUSTAINABILITY IMPACT:

| | | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|------------------|----------|
| WATER (hL) 297,624 | ENERGY (GJ) 29,706 | WASTE (KG) | PROD. (HOURS) | CHEMICAL |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|------------------|----------|



WATER



ENERGY



WASTE



PRODUCTIVITY



REDUCE COSTS

OVERALL IMPACT:

| | |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|
| TOTAL ANNUAL SAVINGS | \$ 81,598 |
| ONE-TIME INVESTMENT | \$ 100,000 |
| SIMPLE PAYBACK | 14.7 months; 0.042 hL/hL reduction |

HOUSEHOLDS:



78

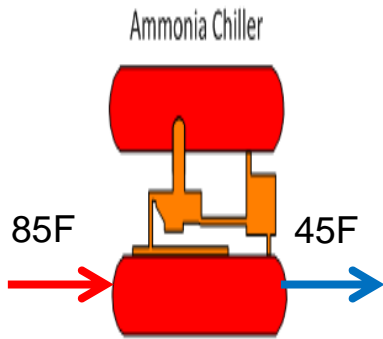


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Case Study #4 – Chilled Water Temperature

1

- ✓ Due to pasteurizer operational changes, chilled water demand decreased
- ✓ Reduced demand allows for a higher chilled water temperature set point (35F to 45F)
- ✓ This increased chiller efficiency, reducing load by 100 kW/hr



OPERATIONAL SAVINGS IMPACT:

| | | | | |
|------------|------------------|------------|------------|---------------|
| WATER (\$) | ENERGY \$ 40,320 | WASTE (\$) | PROD. (\$) | CHEMICAL (\$) |
|------------|------------------|------------|------------|---------------|

SUSTAINABILITY IMPACT:

| | | | | |
|------------|----------------------|------------|---------------|----------|
| WATER (hL) | ENERGY (kWh) 720,000 | WASTE (KG) | PROD. (HOURS) | CHEMICAL |
|------------|----------------------|------------|---------------|----------|



WATER



ENERGY



WASTE



PRODUCTIVITY



REDUCE COSTS

OVERALL IMPACT:

| | |
|----------------------|-----------|
| TOTAL ANNUAL SAVINGS | \$ 40,320 |
| ONE-TIME INVESTMENT | \$ 0 |
| SIMPLE PAYBACK | Immediate |

HOUSEHOLDS:

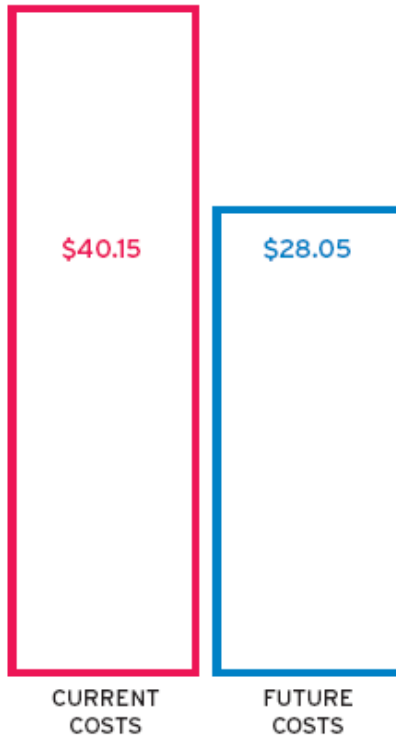


Project Prioritization

| Project | Impact | Implementation | |
|--|---------------------------------|----------------|-----------|
| | | (Easy) | (Complex) |
| Filler vacuum seal pump water optimization through closed loop recirculation | 15 – 30 m3 per Bottle line/ day | | |
| Bottle internal rinse water – Recover and use as pasteurizer , cooling tower or lubrication makeup | 12 – 24 m3 per Bottle line/ day | | |
| Reuse can pre-rinse water as can wash-off water after filling | 0.5 – 24 m3 per Can line/ day | | |
| Cooling system cycles improvement or optimization | 0.02 – 0.08 hl/hl beer produced | | |
| Push/ chase water collection and reuse as makeup for cooling tower, pasteurizer, CIP or wash down | 0.5 – 1.0 hl/ hl beer produced | | |
| CIP rinse water recovery and reuse as makeup for cooling systems, pasteurizer etc. | 0.2 – 0.7 hl/ hl beer produced | | |
| Pasteurizer overflow water recycle | 5 – 10 m3 per pasteurizer/ hour | | |

Baseline vs. Improved Metrics

TOTAL SPENT PER 1000 GALLONS OF PRODUCT



SUSTAINABILITY:

| PLANT METRIC | DEFINITION | CURRENT VALUE | AFTER PROJECTS | % REDUCTION |
|------------------------|---|---------------|----------------|-------------|
| Water Efficiency Ratio | (Gals Water - Ingredient Water)/ Gals Product | 1.58 | 1.15 | 27% |
| Fuel Consumption Ratio | DTH's/1,000 Gals Product | 1.52 | 0.92 | 40% |
| Waste Loading Ratio | Lbs SOLIDS in Effluent/ 1,000 Gals Product | 57.22 | 49.00 | 14% |

OPERATIONAL COSTS:

| | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|----------------|----------------|------------|
| Water Cost Contribution | \$ Water/1,000 Gals Product | \$9.93 | \$7.33 | 26% |
| Fuel Cost Contribution | \$ Fuel/1,000 Gals Product | \$15.21 | \$10.64 | 30% |
| Waste Cost Contribution | \$ Effluent treatment/ 1,000 Gals Product | \$15.01 | \$10.08 | 32% |
| Total Cost Contribution | \$ Total Spend/ 1,000 Gals Product | \$40.15 | \$28.05 | 30% |

Thank you!

