

ASBC Annual Meeting

June 4–7 ■ Fort Myers, Florida

See what SCIENCE can brew for you

Getting Ahead of Beer Spoilers:

A brewery's case study of aerobic plating
to prevent beer spoilers

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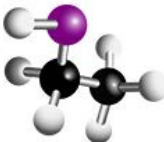
Ballast Point Brewing and Distilling

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Abstract

- Most of our microbiology programs focus on chasing beer spoilers, including tailoring the media we use to isolate spoilers only.
 - Unfortunately, these programs are inherently reactive and take several days to give a result, potentially allowing an infection to spread and do more damage.
 - We have found that the best way to combat spoilage is to zoom out from our focus on beer spoilers and to look instead at the aerobic environments they live in.
 - I will present some background information and a case study from Ballast Point to prove why looking 'beyond beer spoilers' is essential for managing proper hygiene in the brewery.





Common *Beer* spoilers

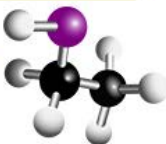


Common Brewery-Related Microorganisms

WITH CONTRIBUTIONS BY
Anheuser-Busch, Inc.
MillerCoors

<i>Candida intermedia</i>	Plate 1
<i>Hanseniaspora uvarum</i>	Plate 1
<i>Klebsiella terrigena</i>	Plate 2
<i>Kluyveromyces marxianus</i>	Plate 2
<i>Lactobacillus acidophilus</i>	Plate 3
<i>Lactobacillus brevis</i>	Plates 4, 5, 6
<i>Lactobacillus buchneri</i>	Plate 7
<i>Lactobacillus curvatus</i> subsp.....	Plate 8
<i>Lactobacillus delbrueckii</i>	Plate 9
<i>Lactobacillus paracasei</i> subsp. <i>paracasei</i>	Plate 10
<i>Lactobacillus plantarum</i>	Plate 11
<i>Pectinatus cerevisiiphilus</i>	Plate 12
<i>Pediococcus damnosus</i>	Plate 13
<i>Pediococcus parvulus</i>	Plate 14
<i>Pediococcus pentosaceus</i>	Plate 15
<i>Pichia membranaefaciens</i>	Plate 12
<i>Rhodotorula glutinis</i>	Plate 16
<i>Saccharomyces diasticus</i>	Plate 16
<i>Schizosaccharomyces pombe</i>	Plate 17
<i>Torulaspora delbrueckii</i>	Plate 17
<i>Zygosaccharomyces bailii</i>	Plate 18
<i>Zygosaccharomyces rouxii</i>	Plate 18
<i>Zymomonas mobilis</i>	Plate 19

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Aerobic bacteria are dangerous



1. Colonization of surfaces by acetic acid bacteria



2. Formation of slime by acetic acid bacteria



3. Colonization of yeasts and *L. brevis*



4. Colonization of anaerobic beer spoilers



5. Adapted beer spoilers

Symbols:

Acetic acid bacteria

Lactic acid bacteria

Slime coating



yeasts

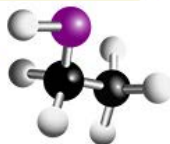


Pectinatus sp.



Megasphaera sp.

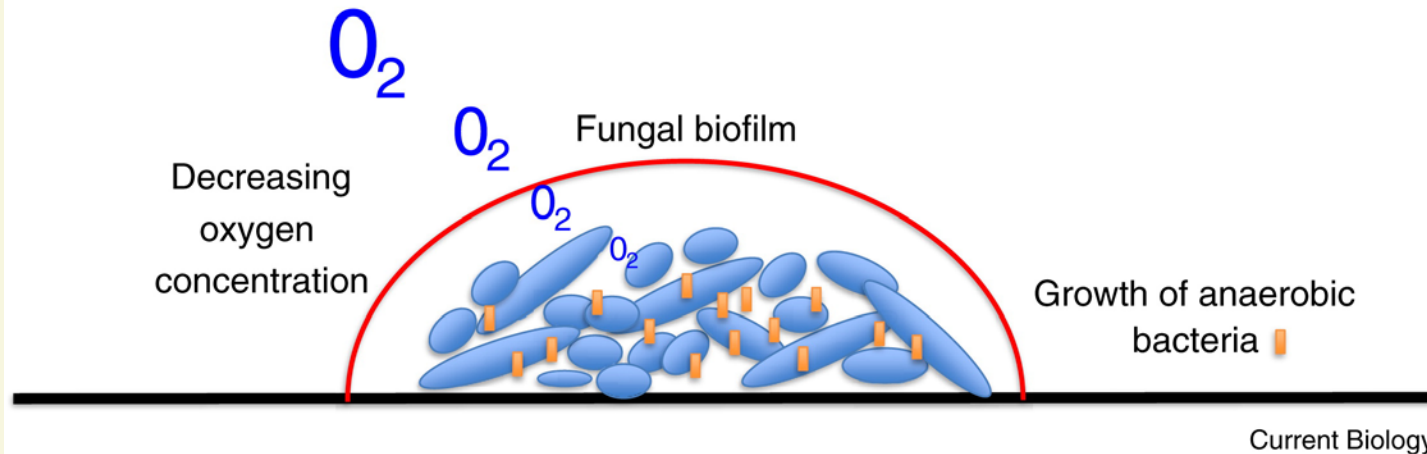
Figure 1. Development of contaminations in breweries according to Back (1994).





Biofilms allow anaerobic growth

Hypoxic microenvironments in fungal biofilms promote anaerobic bacteria growth



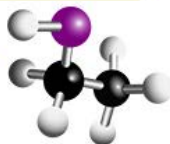
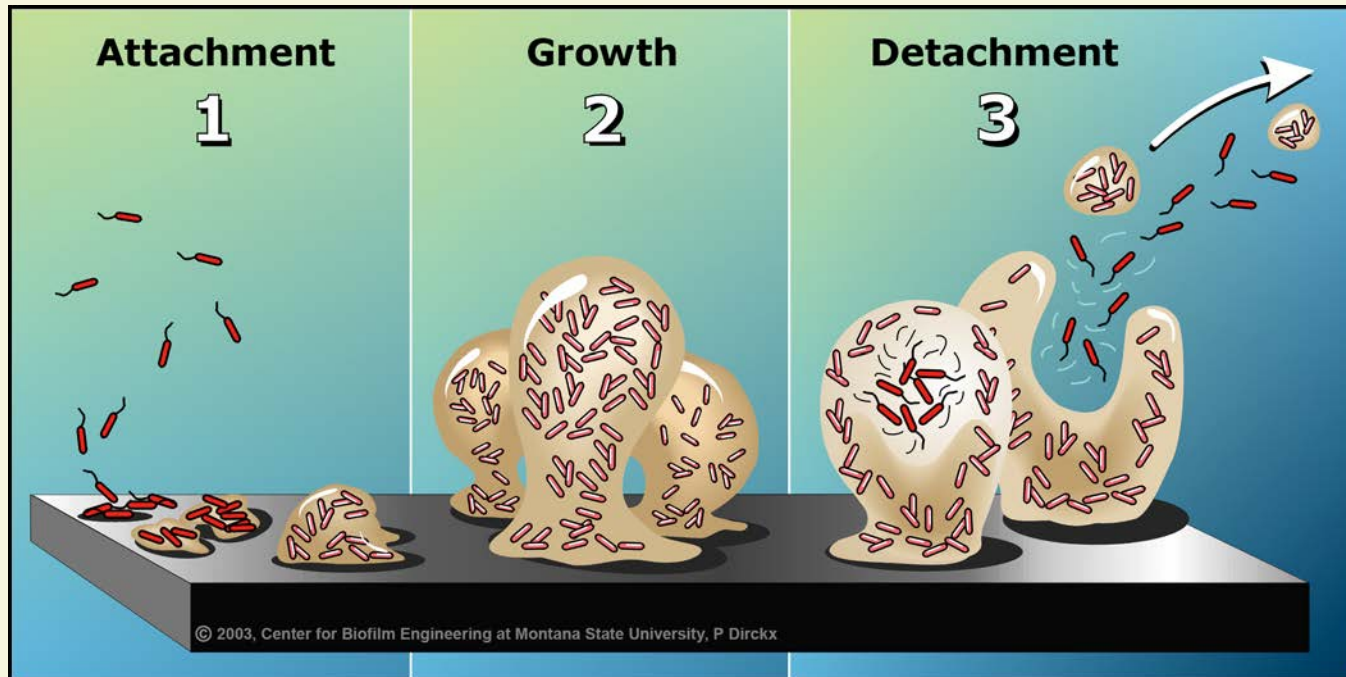
Current Biology 24, 2411–2416, October 20, 2014 ©2014 Elsevier Ltd All rights reserved <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.cub.2014.08.057>

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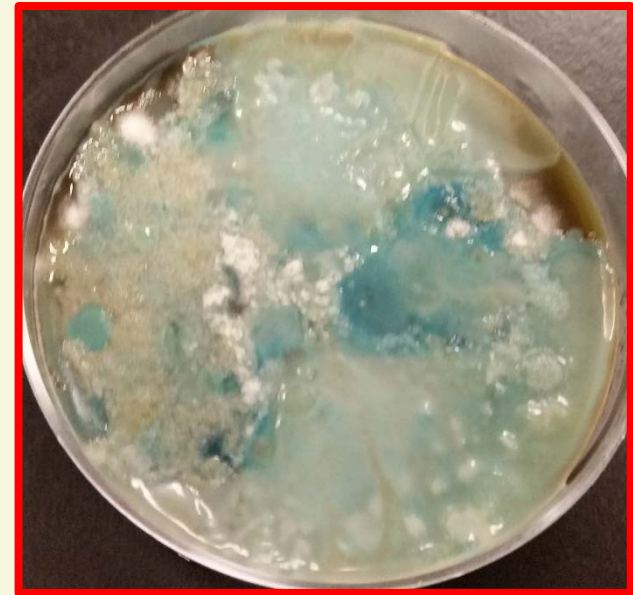
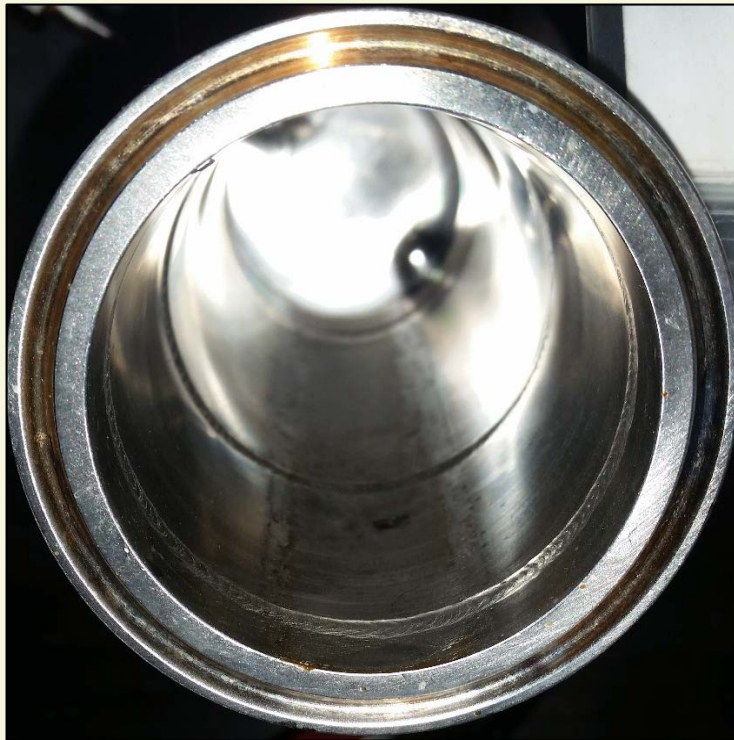


Biofilms allow exponential growth





Aerobic swabs are enlightening!





Beer spoilers are *always* available

Bokulich et al. eLife 2015;4:e04634. DOI: 10.7554/eLife.04634

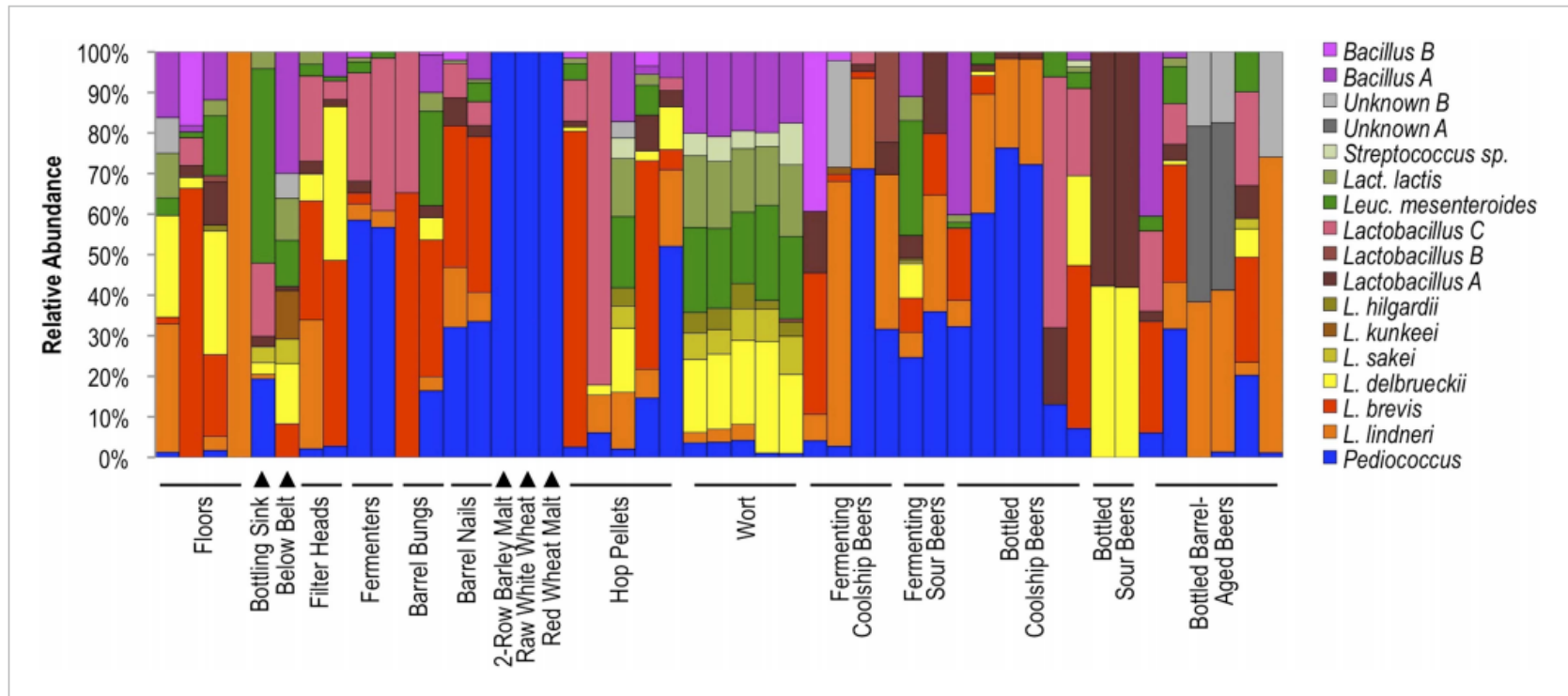
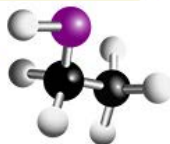
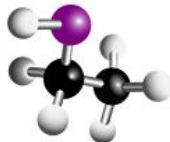
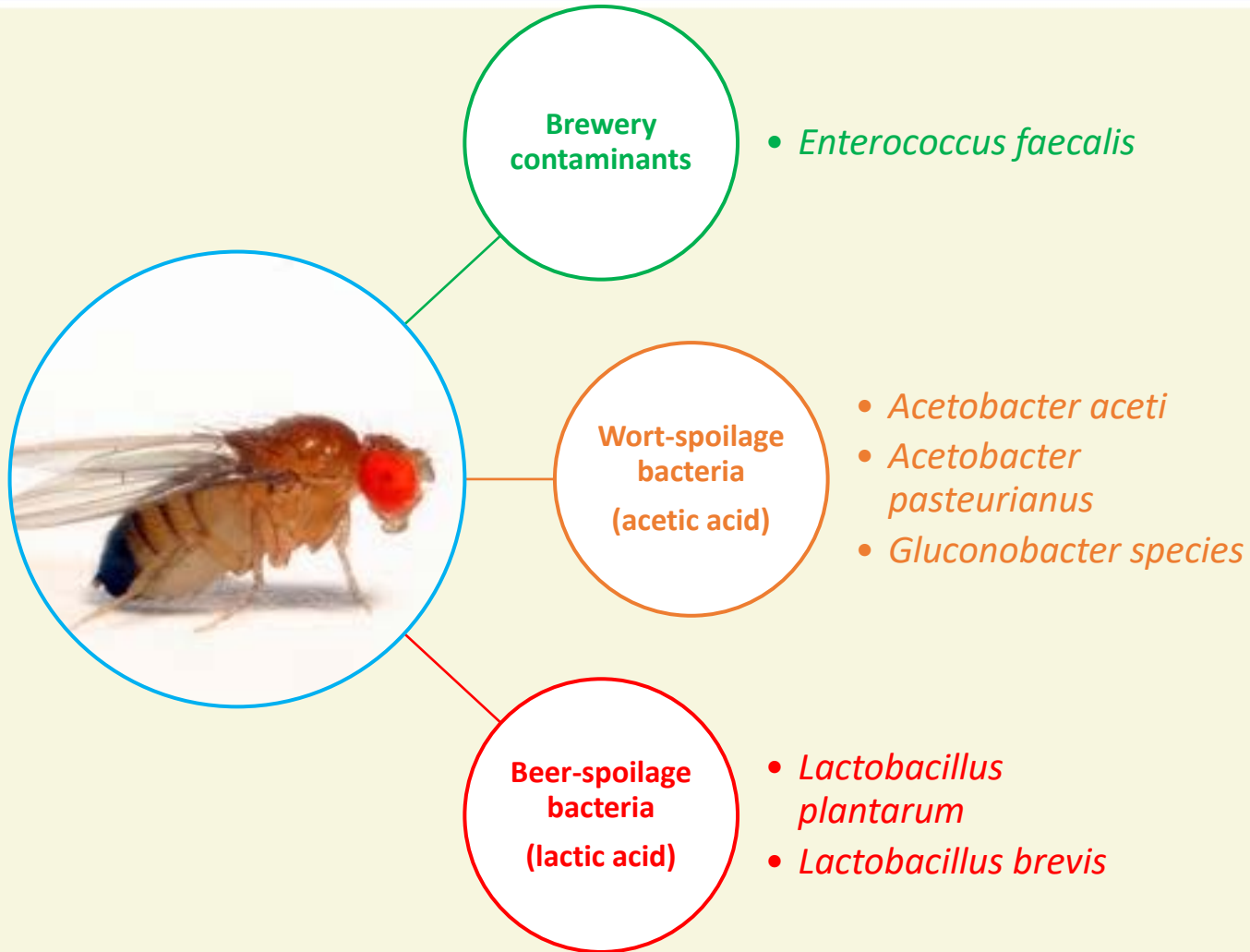


Figure 8. Lactic acid bacterial community composition on brewery surfaces, beers, and ingredients. LAB-TRFLP profiles of samples exhibiting high *Lactobacillales* relative abundance by 16S rRNA gene sequencing.



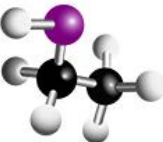


Beer spoilers are *always* available





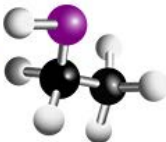
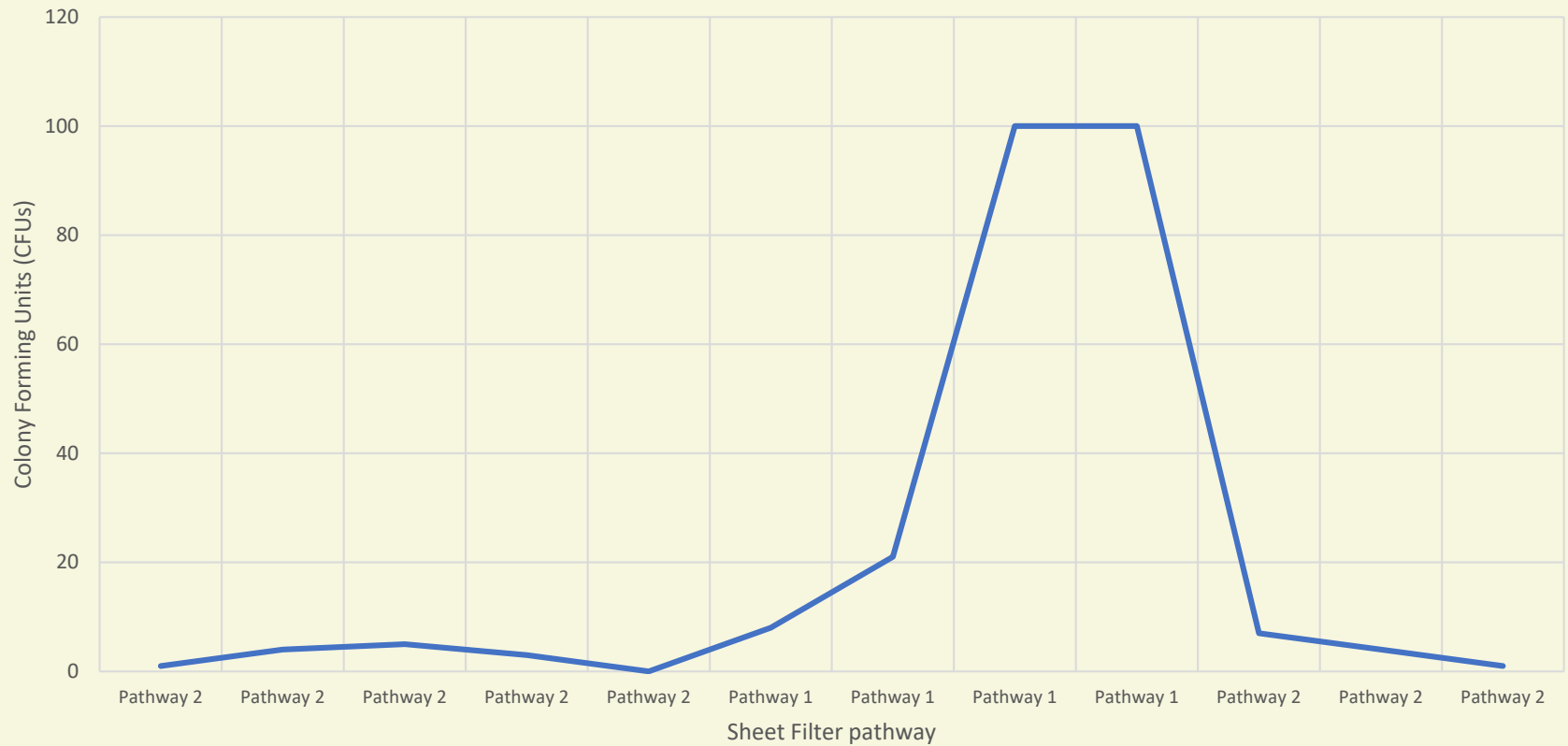
Aerobic plates are enlightening!





Sheet filter pressure problems

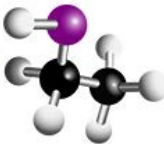
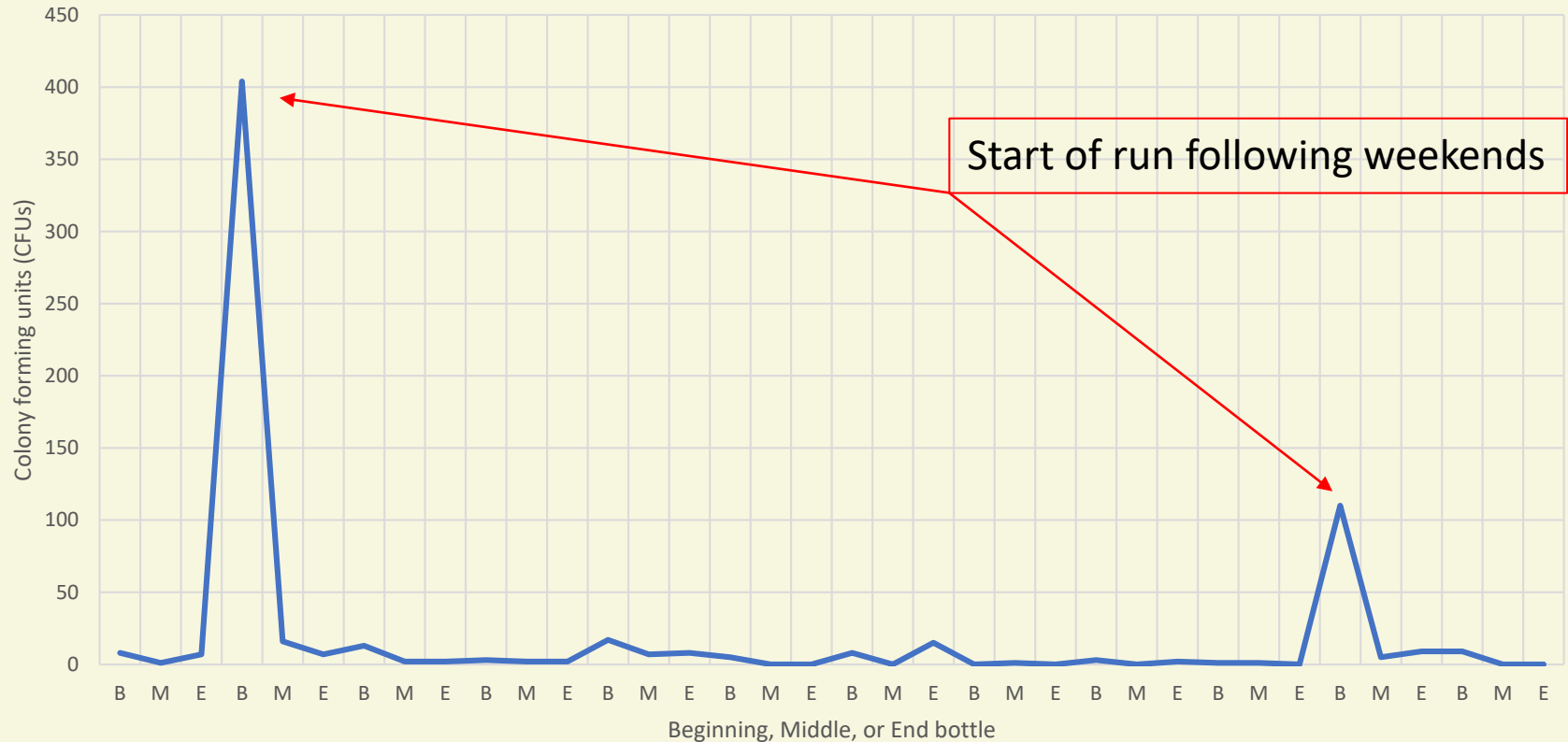
Aerobic growth - Filters in chronological order





Bottling line problems

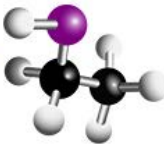
Aerobic Growth – Bottling runs in chronological order





Conclusions

- Aerobic brewery organisms are easy to detect
- Aerobic brewery organisms are both hygiene indicators and gateway organisms (encourage anaerobic growth)
- Prevention/action at the aerobic stages can help prevent anaerobic growth entirely!





Thank you!



Calm before the Storm, Paul Elder

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