



**WORLD BREWING CONGRESS**

August 13–17, 2016 • Denver, Colorado, U.S.A.

#ElevateBeer



# Optimization of Energy Supply and Recovery System in the Brewing Process

水と生きる **SUNTORY**

SUNTORY BEER LIMITED

Tonegawa Brewery

Kohei Yamada

- Outline of Suntory
- Energy Reduction Plan
- Minimization of Heat Input to the process  
(Step1)
- Optimization of Total Energy Recovery  
(Step2)
- Summary

## Suntory Group

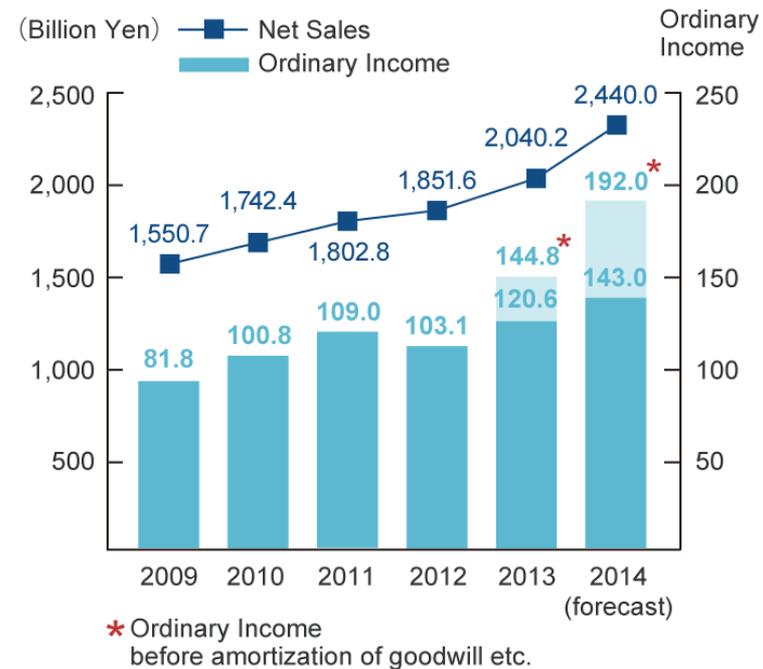
Group companies *	329
Employees *	37,613
Consolidated sales **	¥2,455.2 billion
Consolidated ordinary profit **	¥153.8 billion

## Suntory Holdings Limited

Head office	Dojimahama 2-1-40, kita-ku, Osaka 530-8203, Japan
Inauguration	1899
Establishment	February 16, 2009

\* as of December 31, 2014

\*\* January 1 - December 31, 2014





## Beer



## Whisky, Liqueurs & Spirits



## Beverage



## Health Foods



## Wine



## Business Development



Kyoto Brewery, 1969



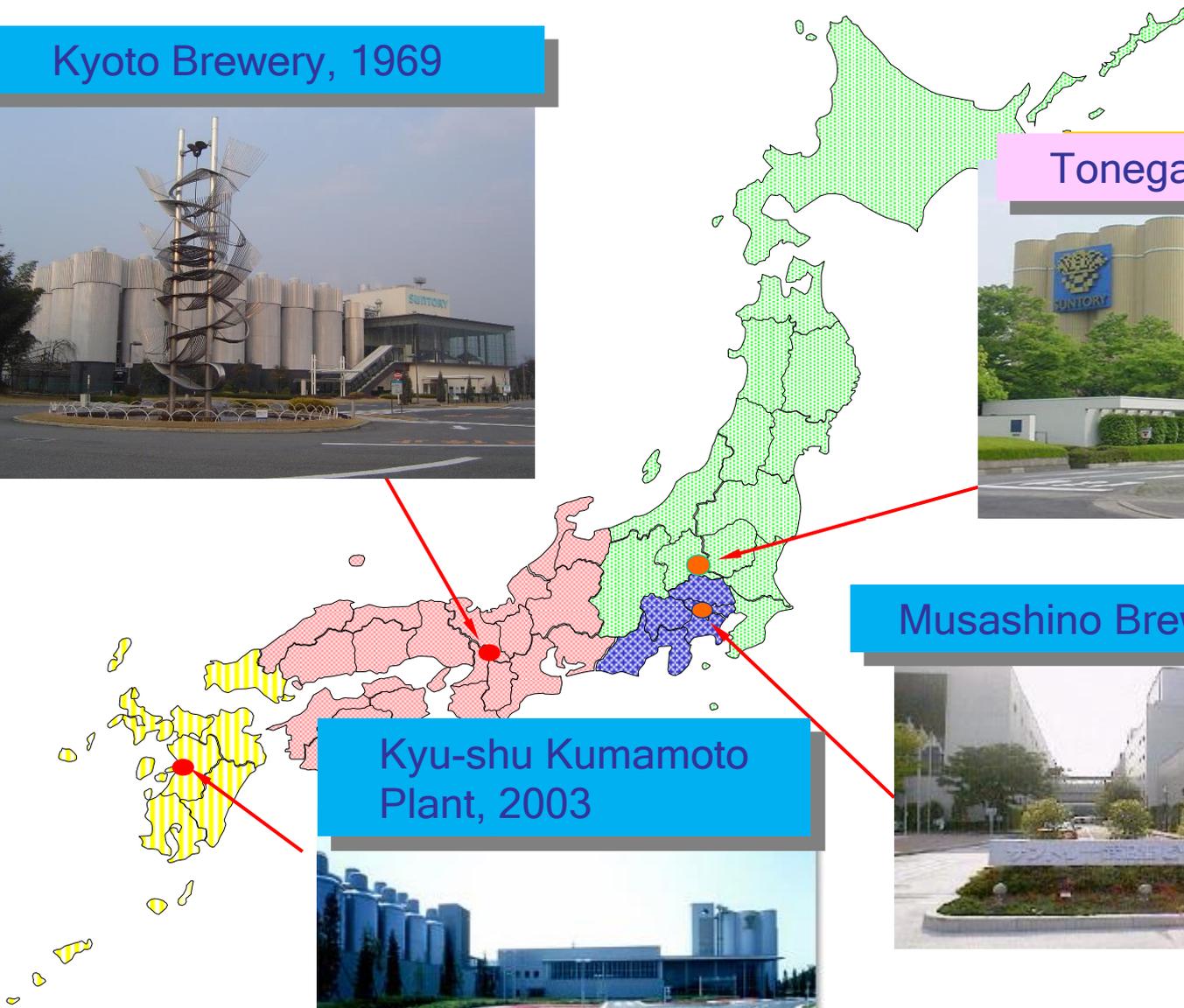
Tonegawa Brewery, 1982



Musashino Brewery, 1963



Kyu-shu Kumamoto Plant, 2003





- Completion date                      April 20, 1982
- Location                                      Gunma Prefecture
- Plant manager                              Seisuke Takaoka
- Number of employees                      115
- Site area                                      240,000m<sup>2</sup>
- Production capacity                      4.2 million hl/year

2016.4.1

## [Content]

[Beer]

[Non-alcoholic beer taste]

[Low-malt beer]



## [Packaging container]

[ Can ]

[ Bottle ]

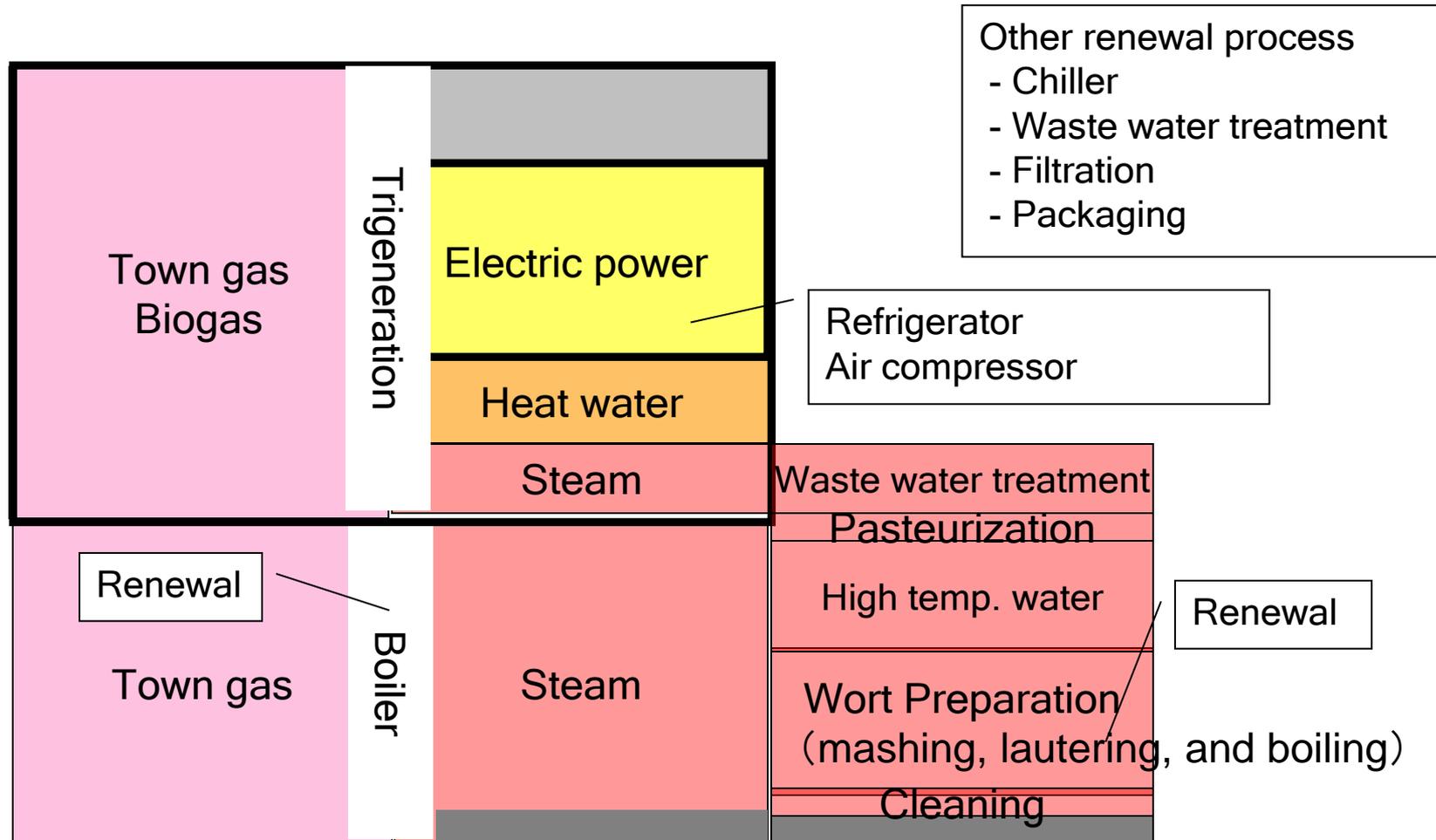
[ Barrel ]



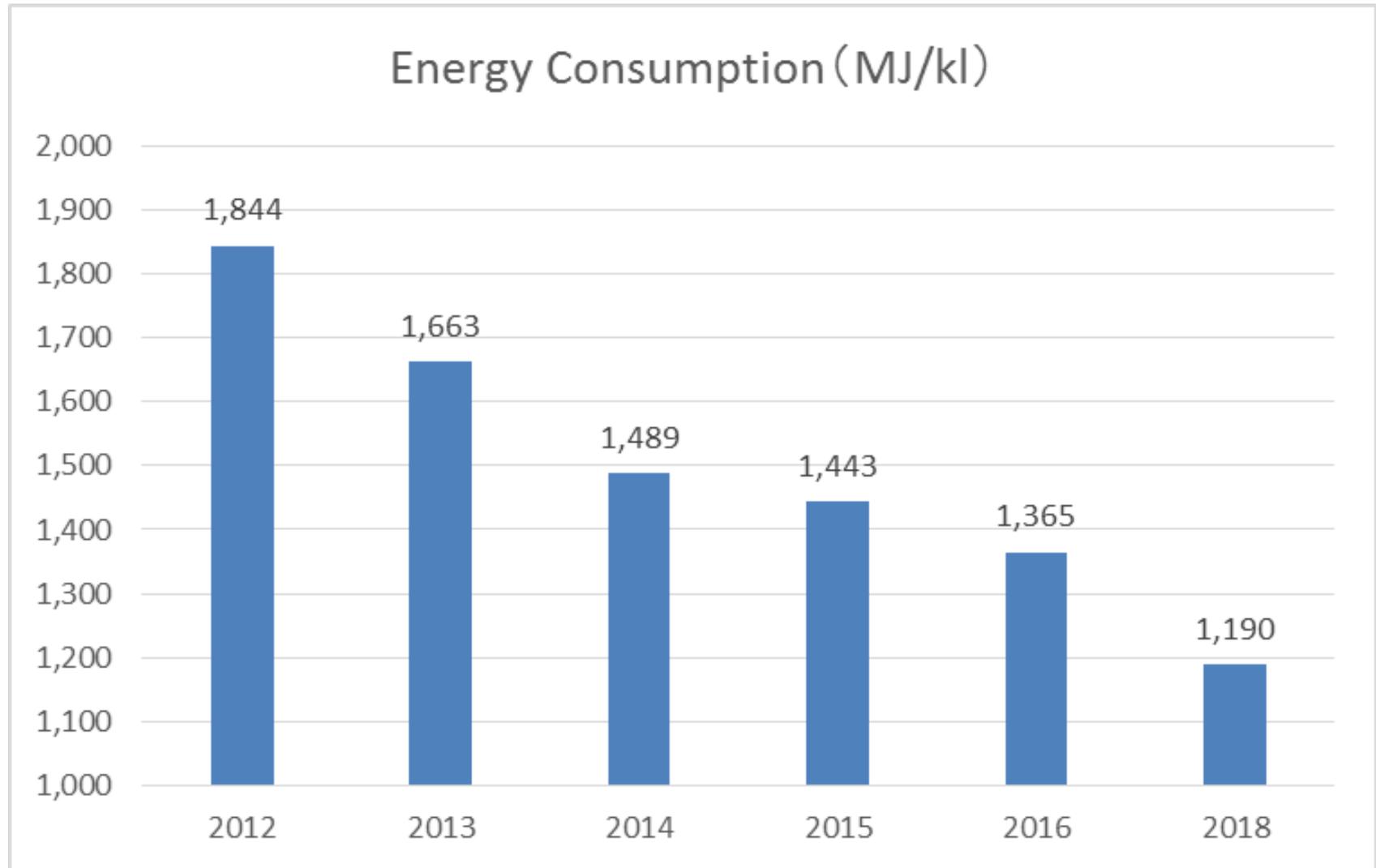
500ml 350ml 330ml 250ml

20l 15l 10l

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- Summary

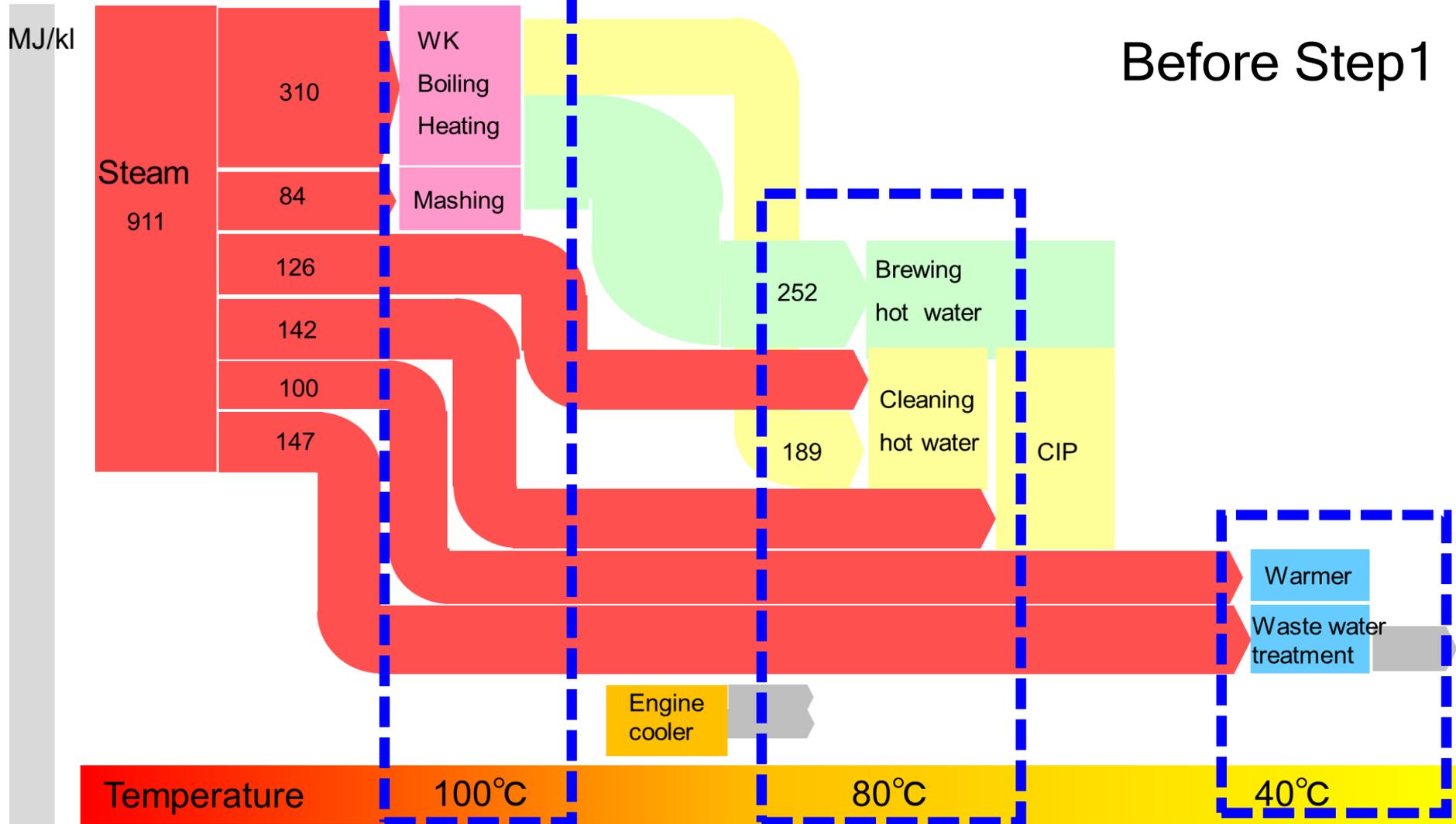


Equipment renewal from 2012 through 2015

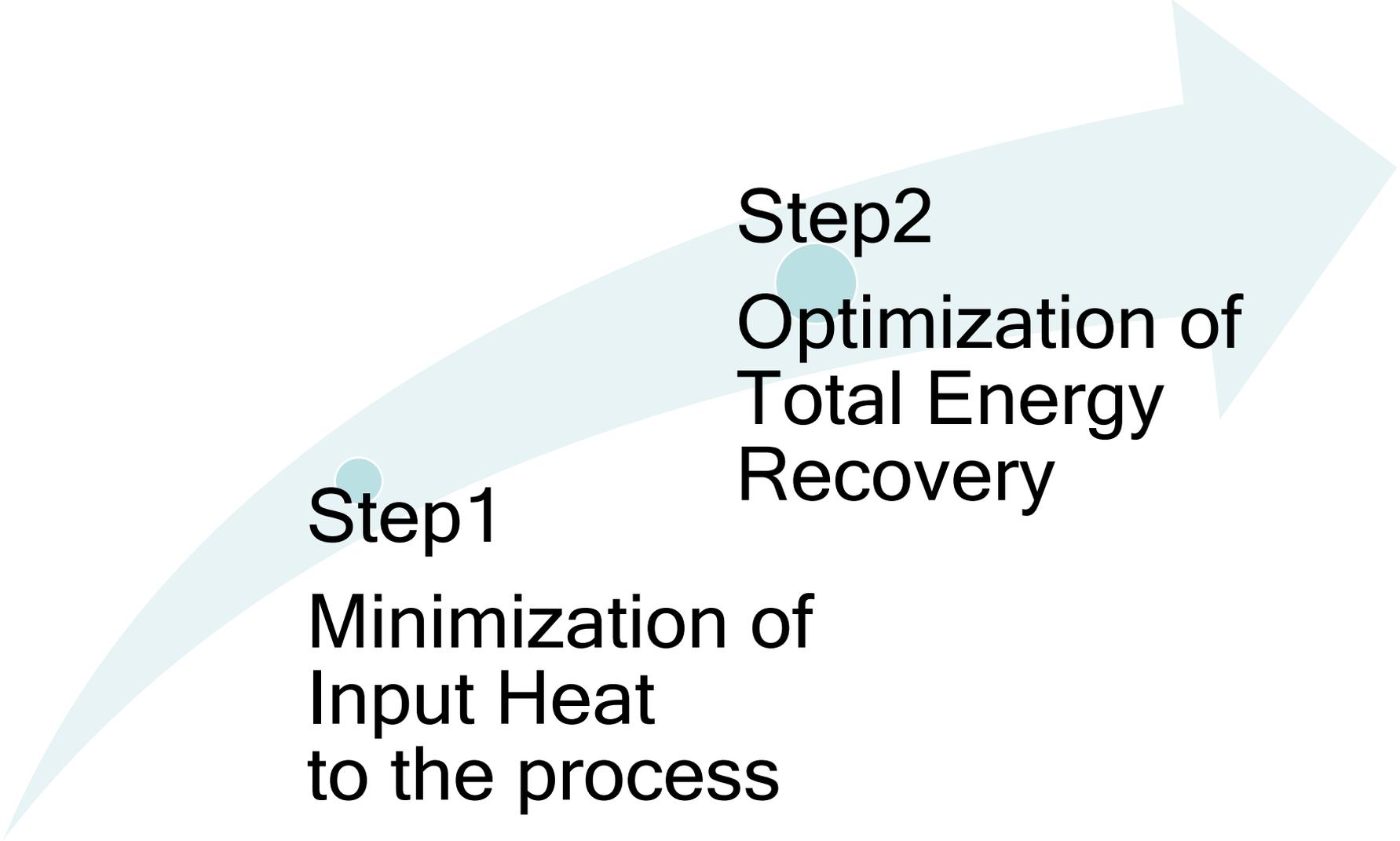


Target: 35% cut by 2018 ( Compare to 2012)

Quantity of heat



Analysis in using Temperature and Heat Quantity (TQ Analysis)



**Step1**

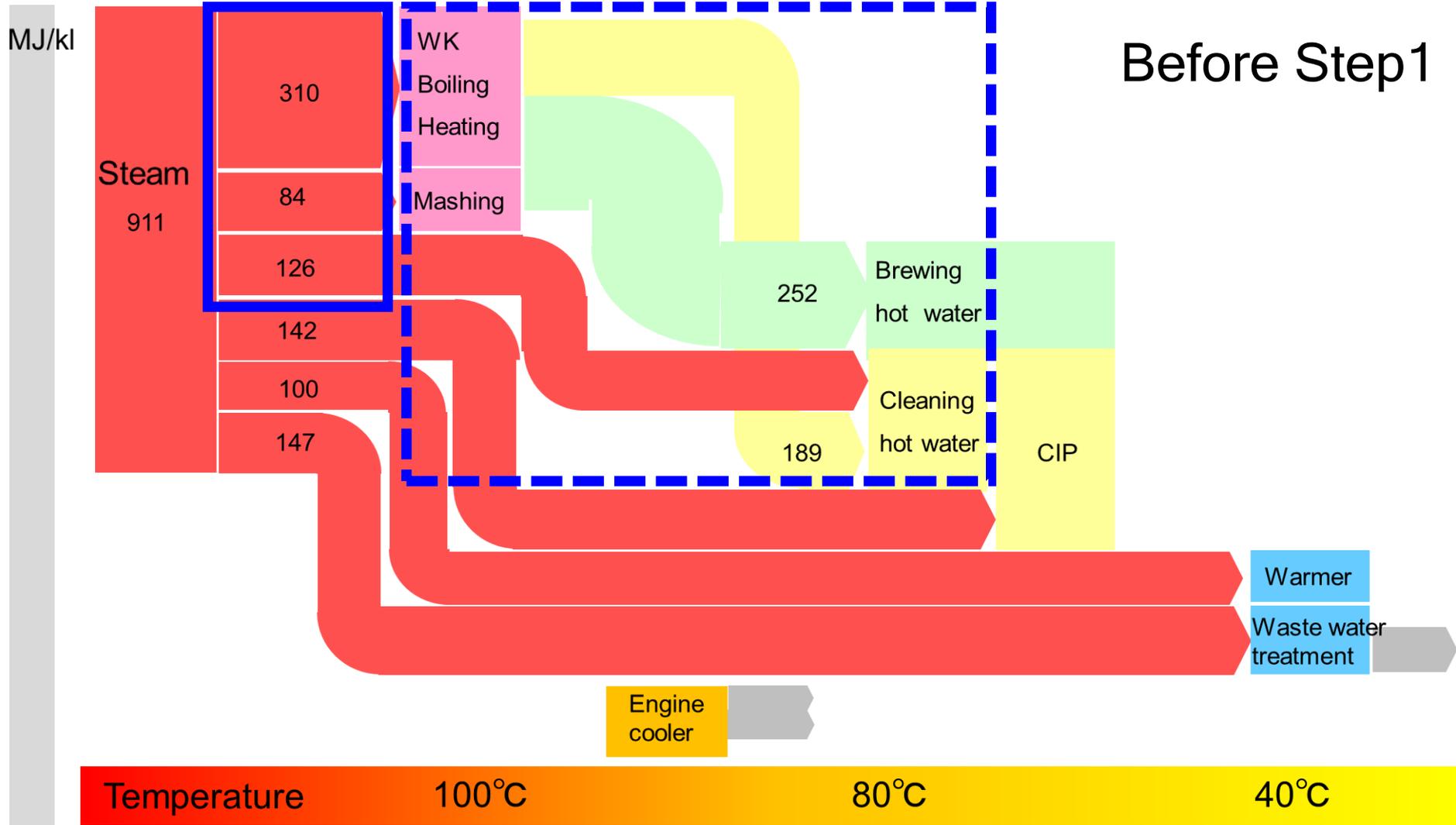
**Minimization of  
Input Heat  
to the process**

**Step2**

**Optimization of  
Total Energy  
Recovery**

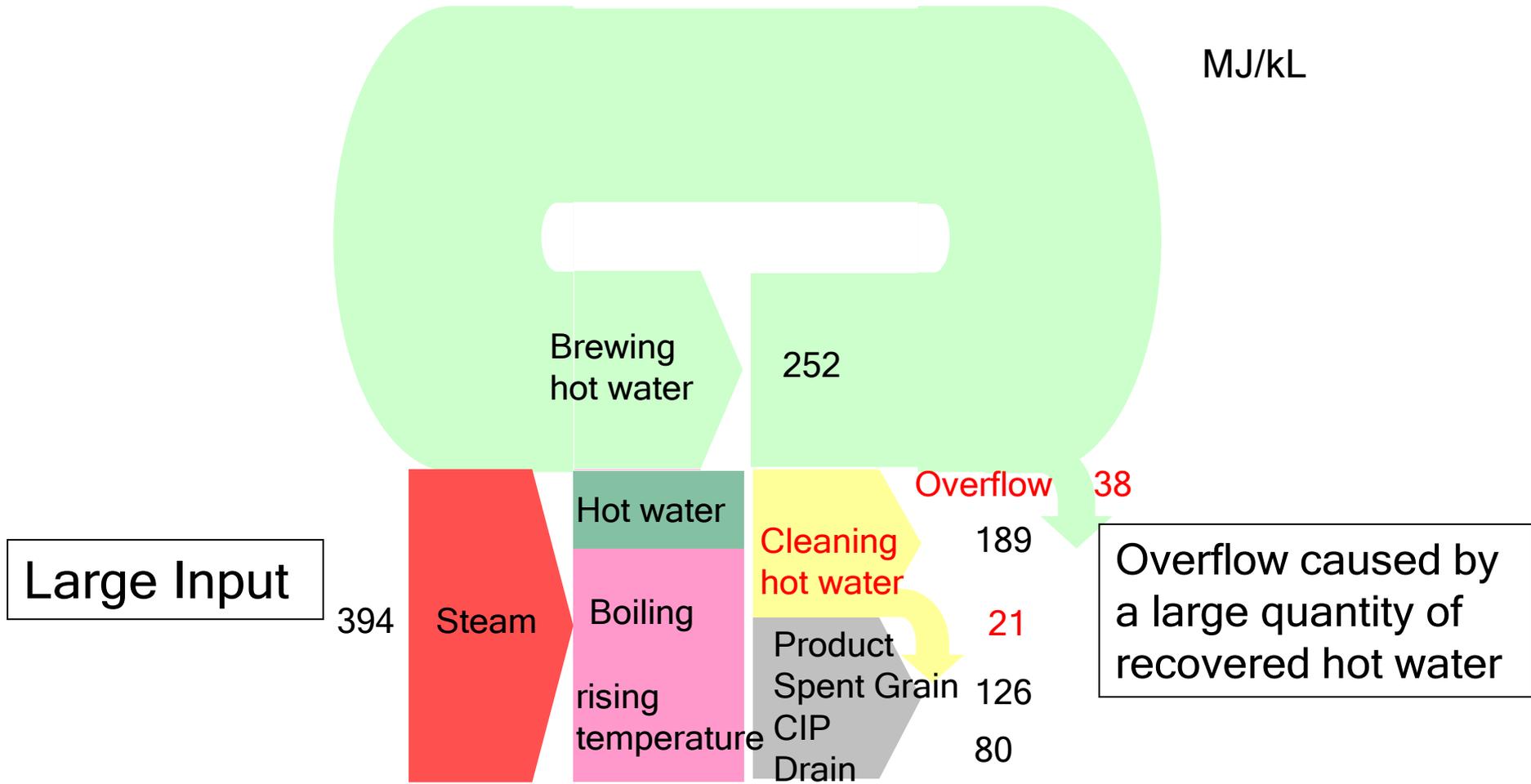
# Minimization of Heat Input to the process

Quantity of heat

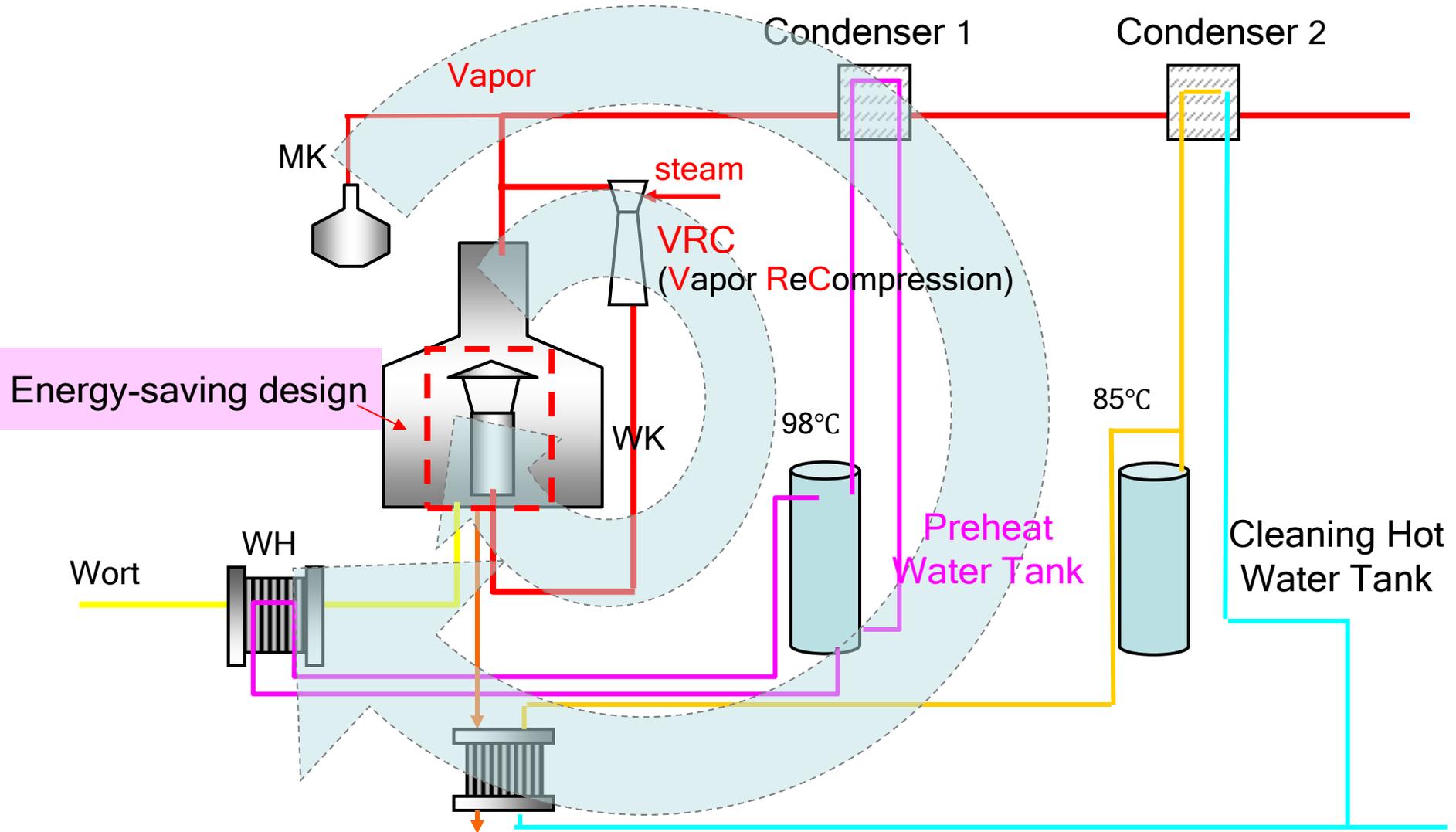


Before Step1

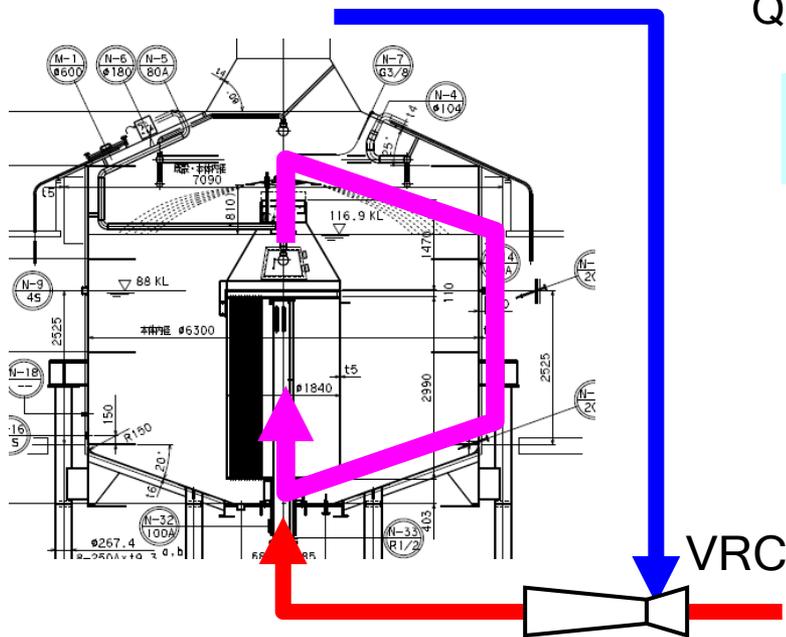
## Focus on Wort Boiling Process



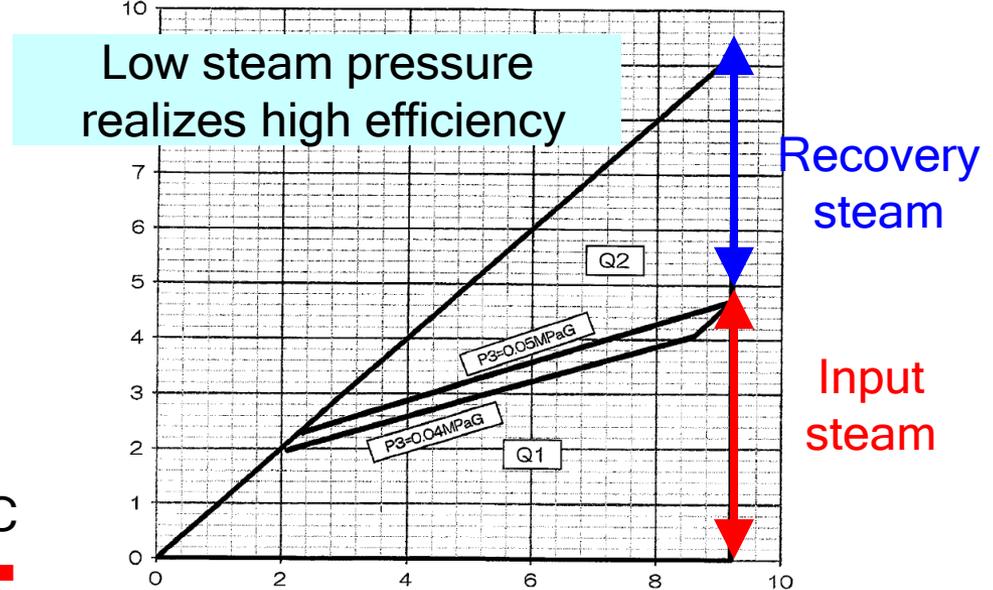
Necessity of heat recovery in each process



## Installation of Closed 3-Loop Heat Recovery



Quantity of steam [t/h]

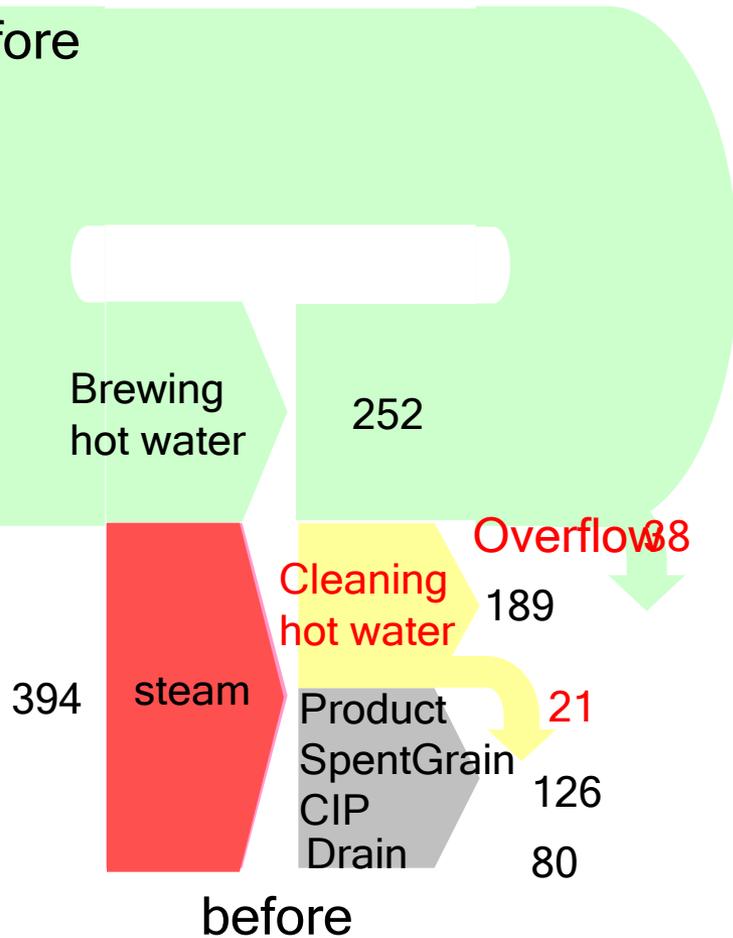


## Energy Reduction

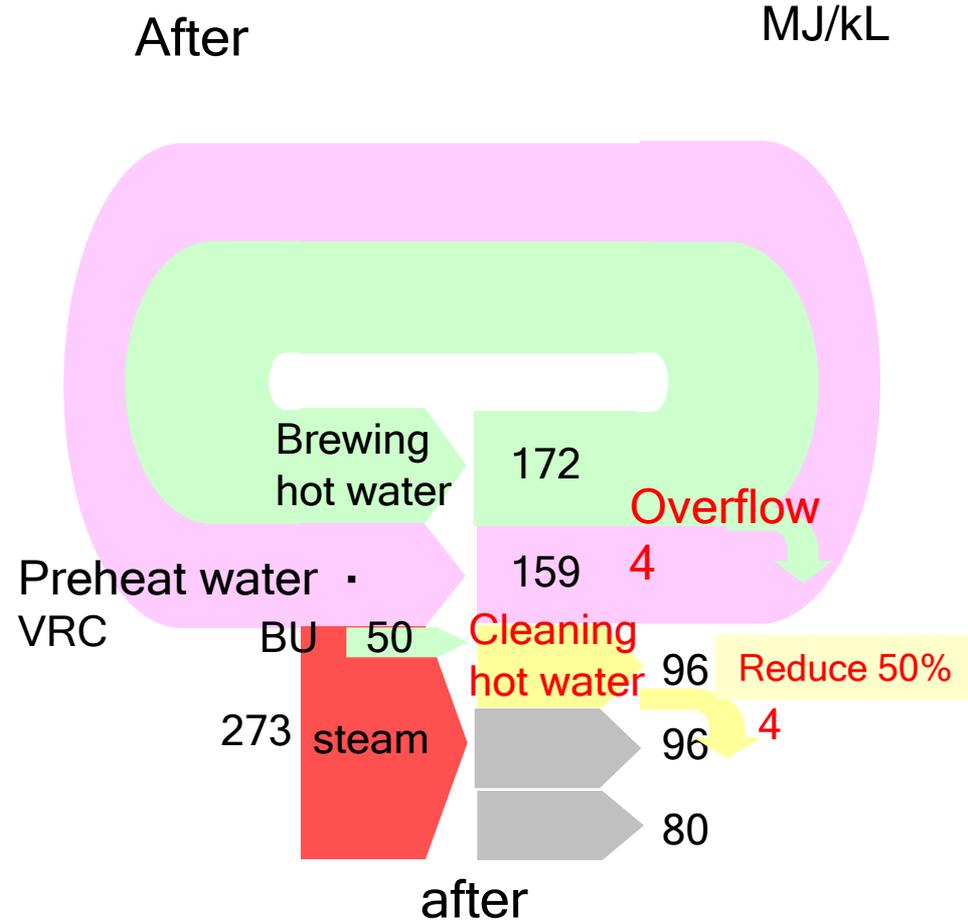
VRC Efficiency 45~50%  
Steam Pressure <0.05MPa

Re-designed the thermal compression and the internal boiler to run with lower steam pressure for higher heat recovery

Before



After



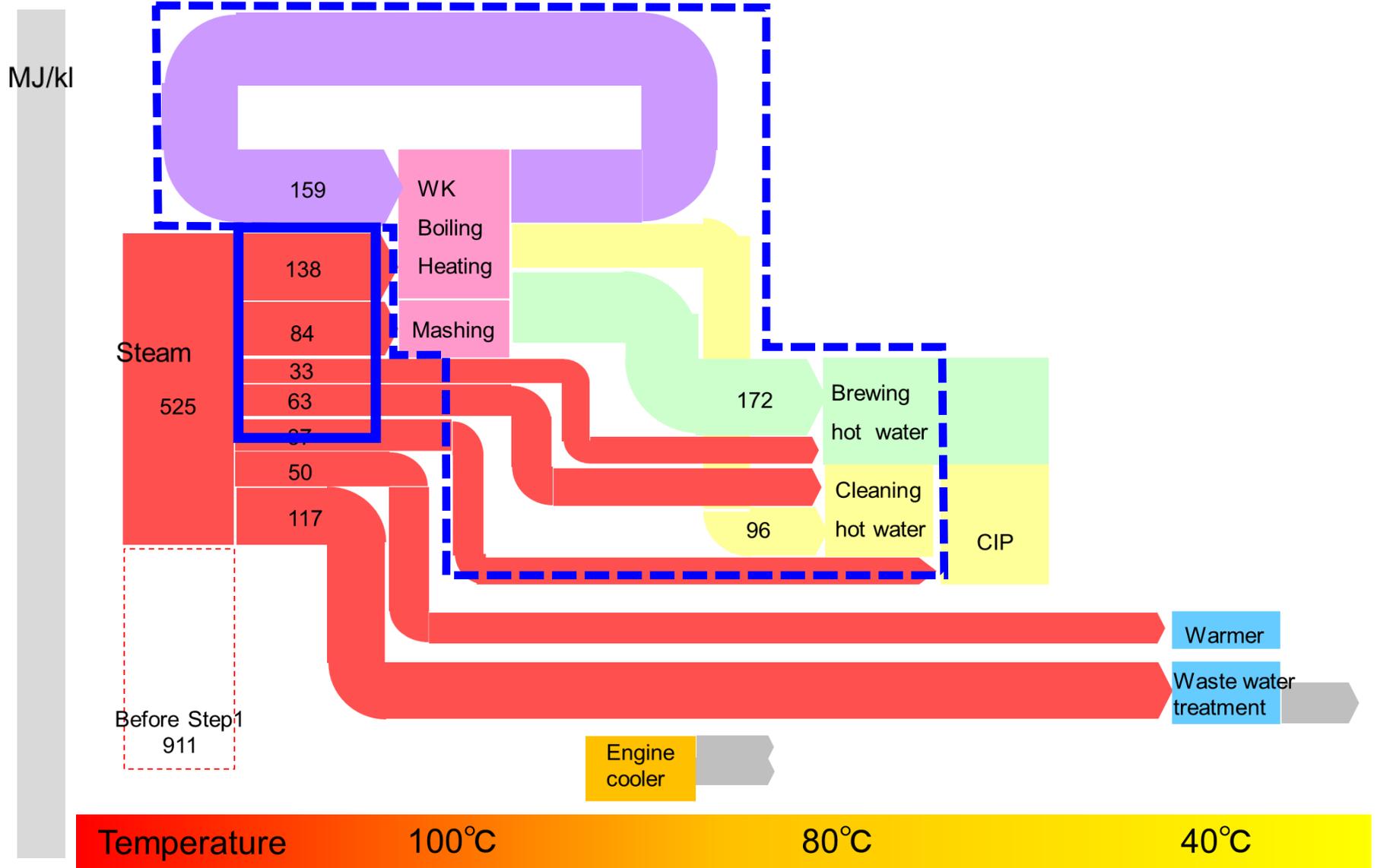
MJ/kL

Plan	Preheat water · VRC	Overflow	Hot water recovery	total
Result	159	50	-92	117

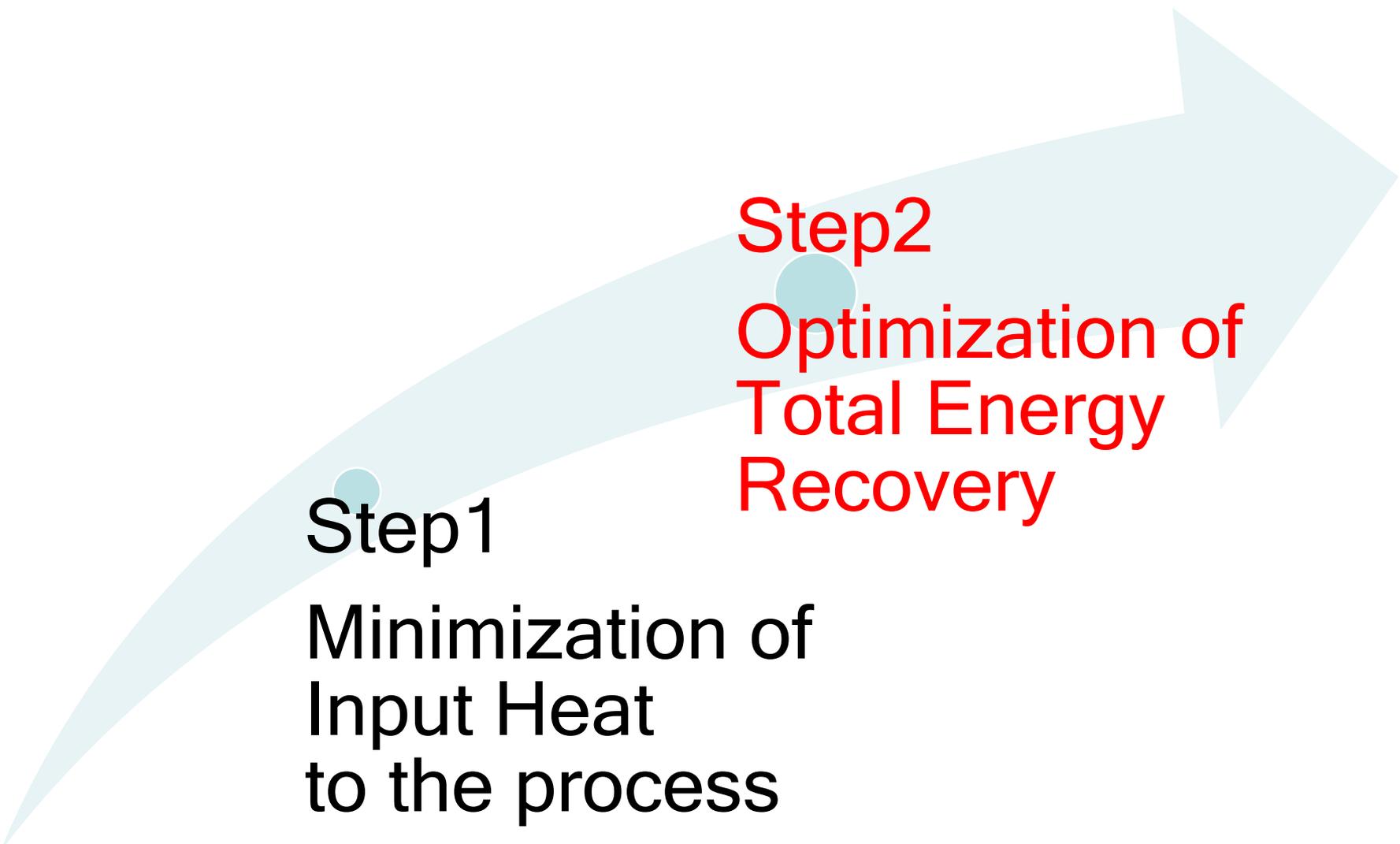
Increasing of heat recovery and Reduction of Overflow

# Energy Flow after Step 1

Quantity of heat



Minimization of Heat Input to Wort Preparation



Step1

Minimization of  
Input Heat  
to the process

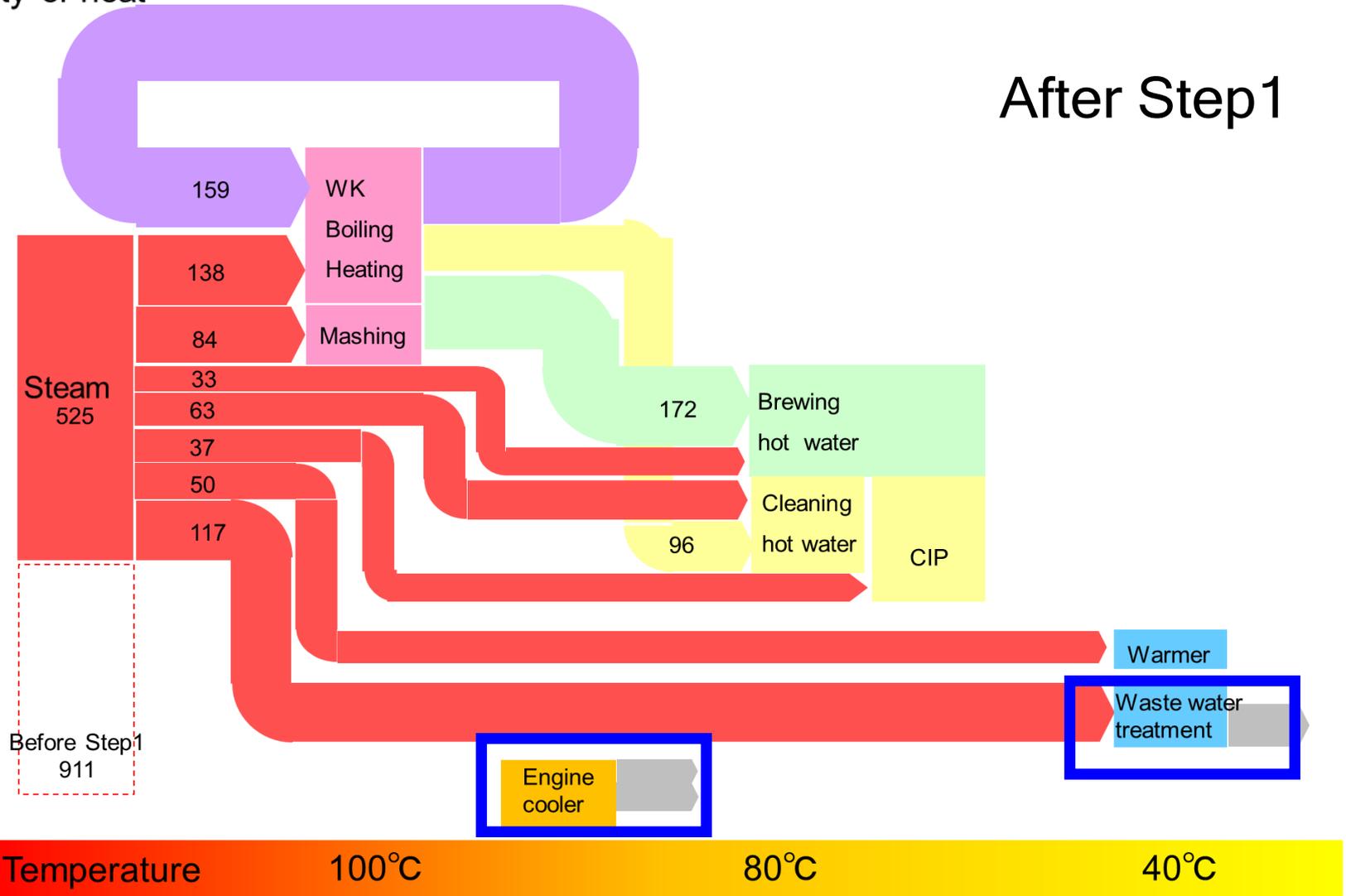
Step2

Optimization of  
Total Energy  
Recovery

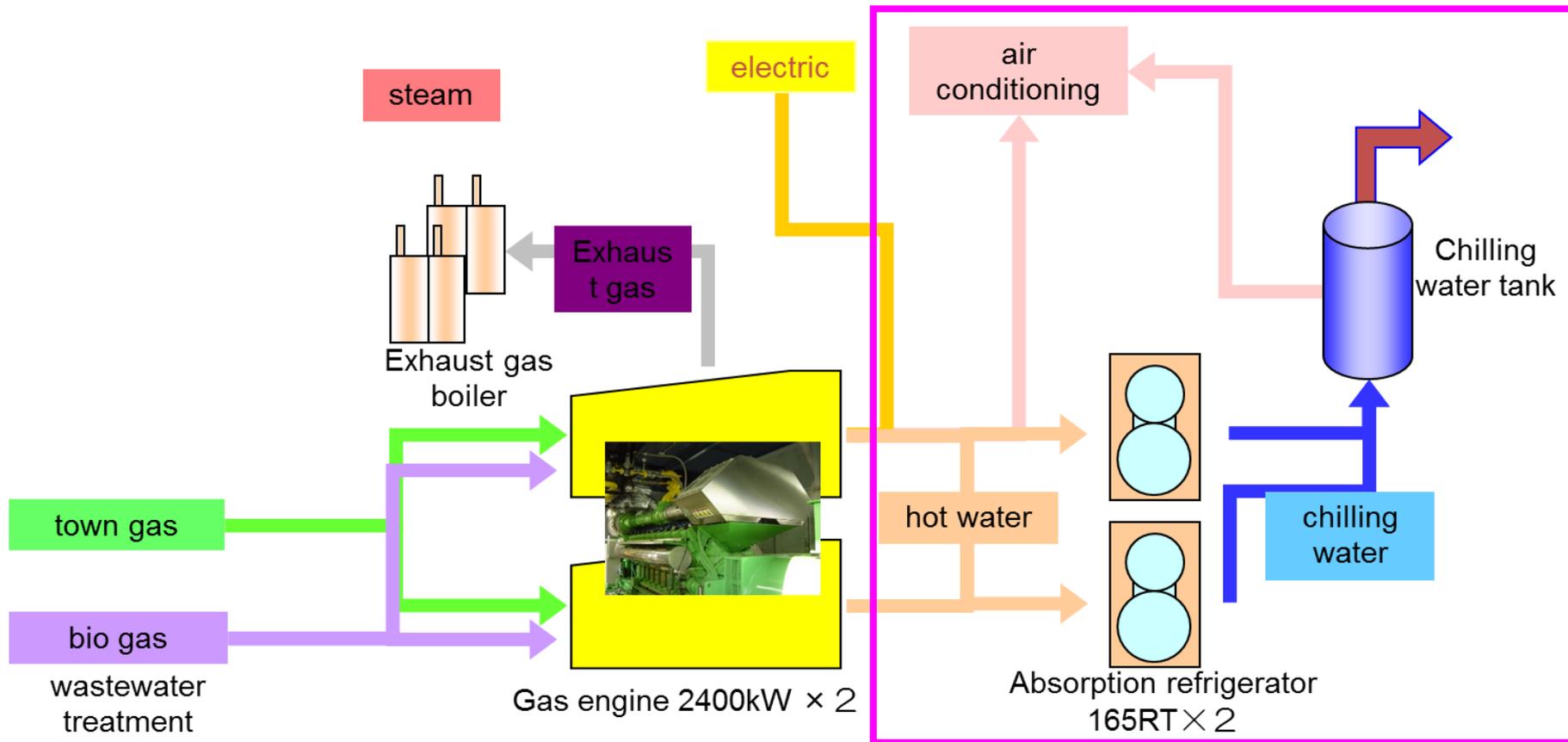
Quantity of heat

MJ/kl

After Step1



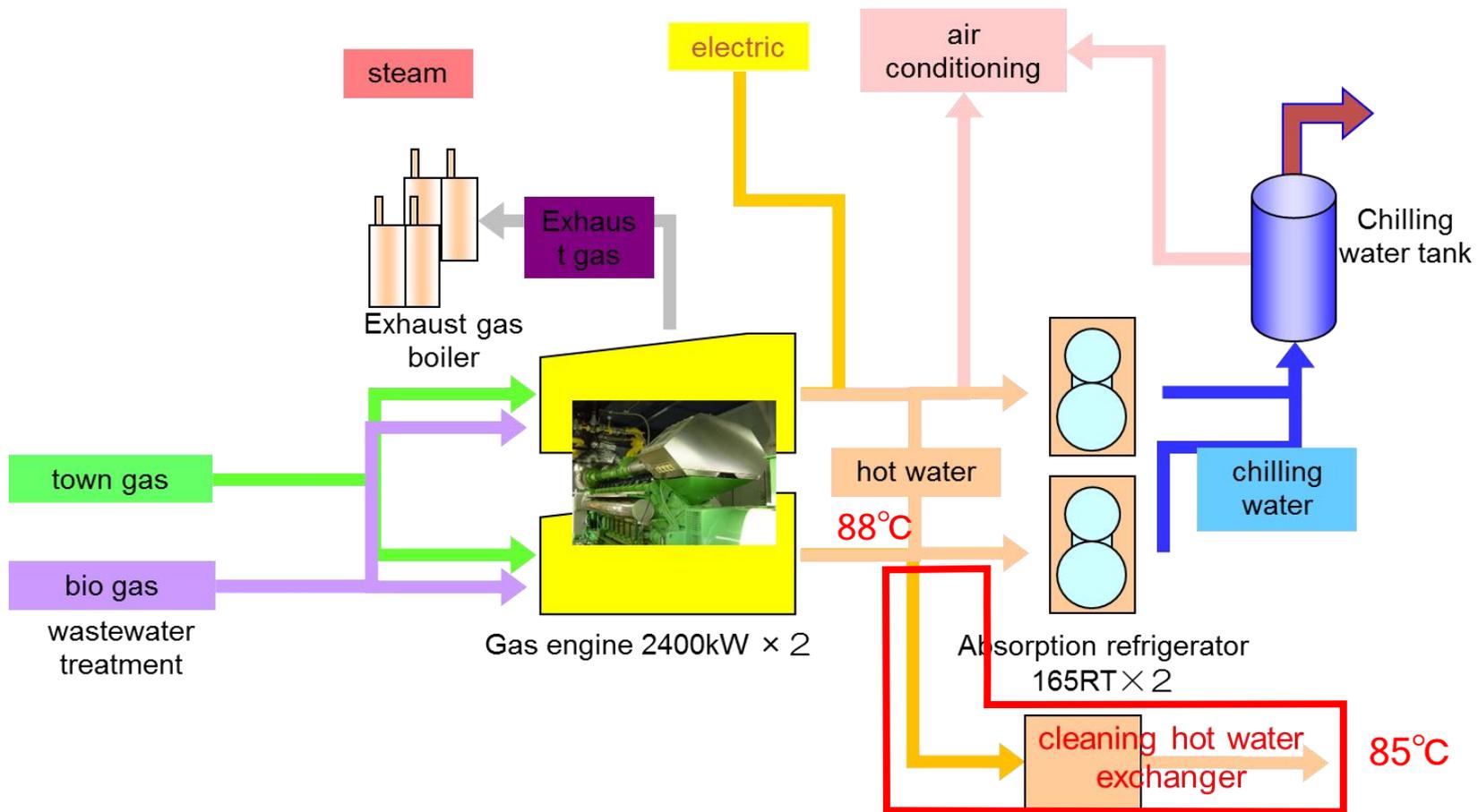
Optimized recovery of waste heat by heat exchange in sources with close temperature conditions in whole plant



## Problems of Absorption refrigerator

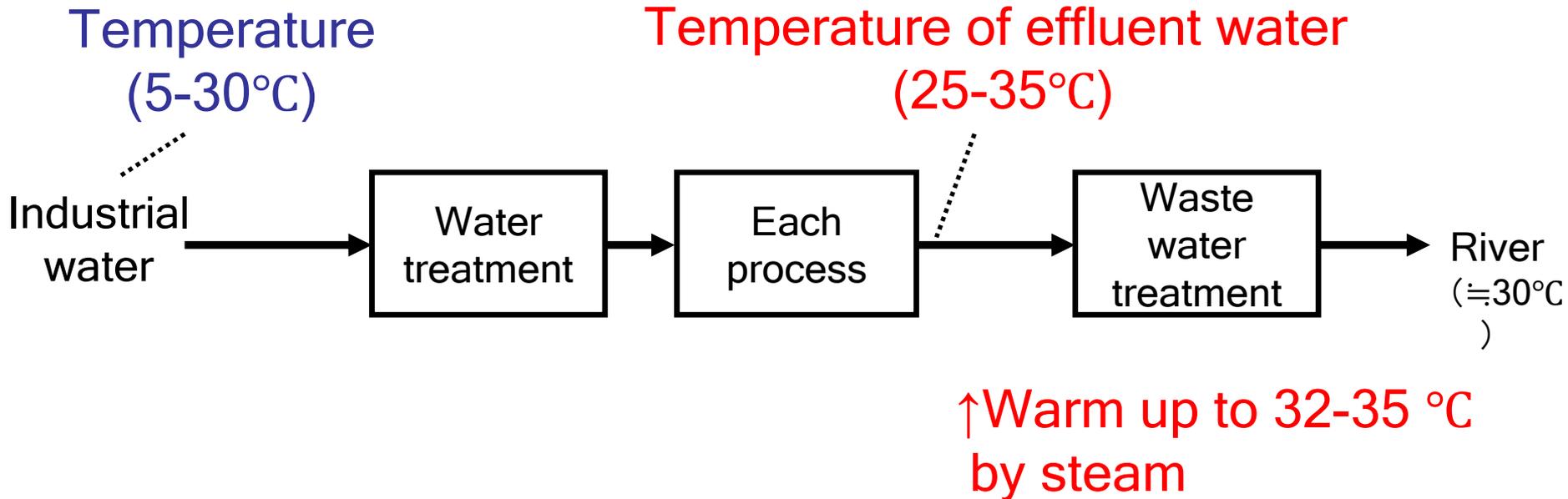
- Short operating time - engine cooling water discharged to the atmosphere
- Not good efficiency of the refrigerator (COP=0.66)

Large loss of waste heat utilization from gas engine

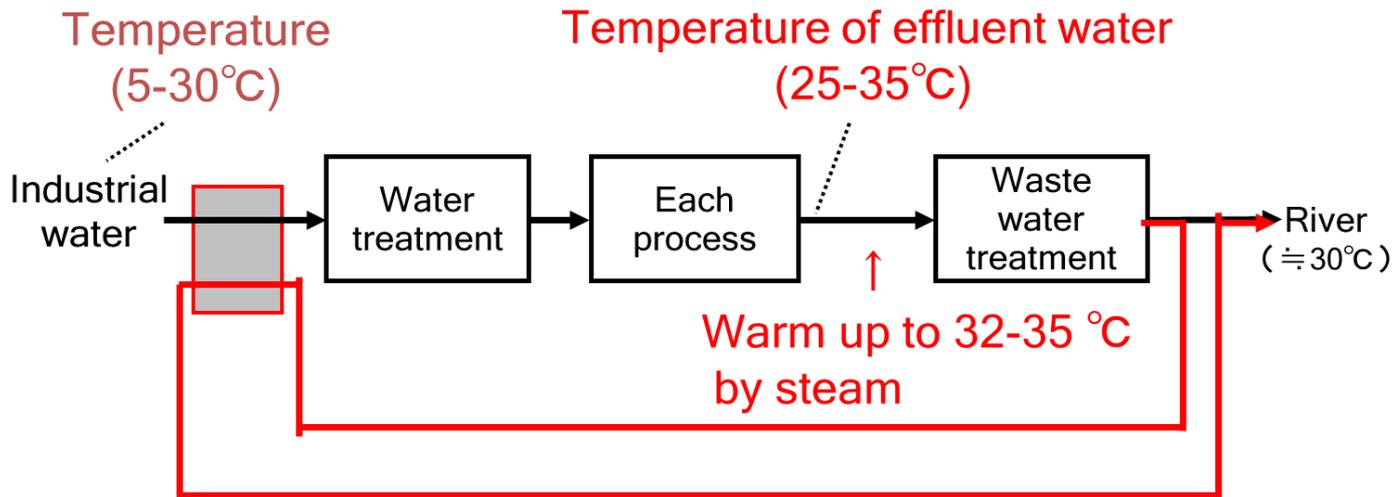


Exhaust heat of Trigeneration recovered by Cleaning hot water, which means water used at Clean-in-place

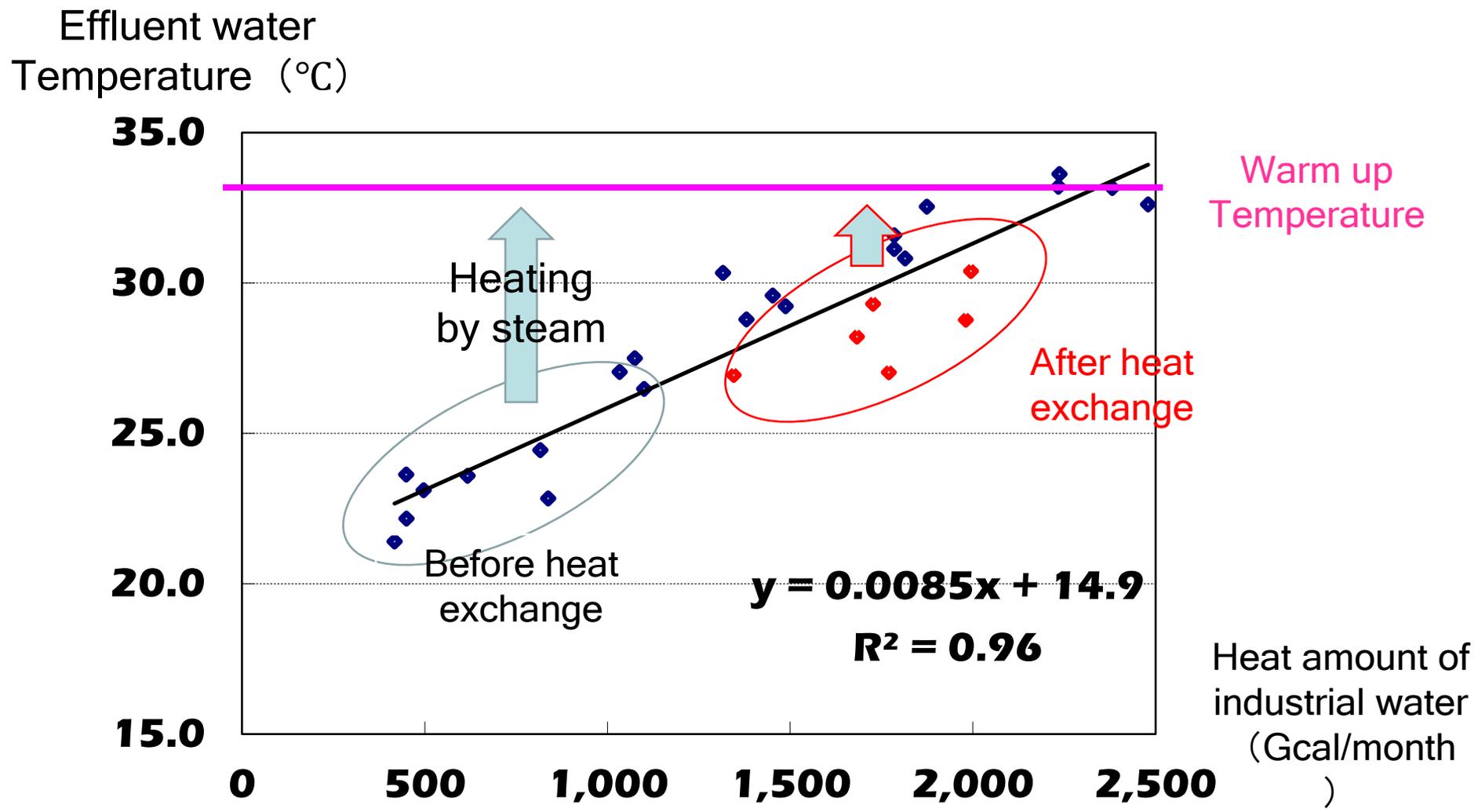
- Maximizing the temperature of cleaning hot water
- Balancing the amount of heat usage and recovery



- Processing temperature of Waste water treatment should be kept at 32-35 °C
- Industrial water with a temperature 5-10 °C in winter should be warmed up



Reduction of Heating steam by heat exchanging between treated wastewater and industrial water

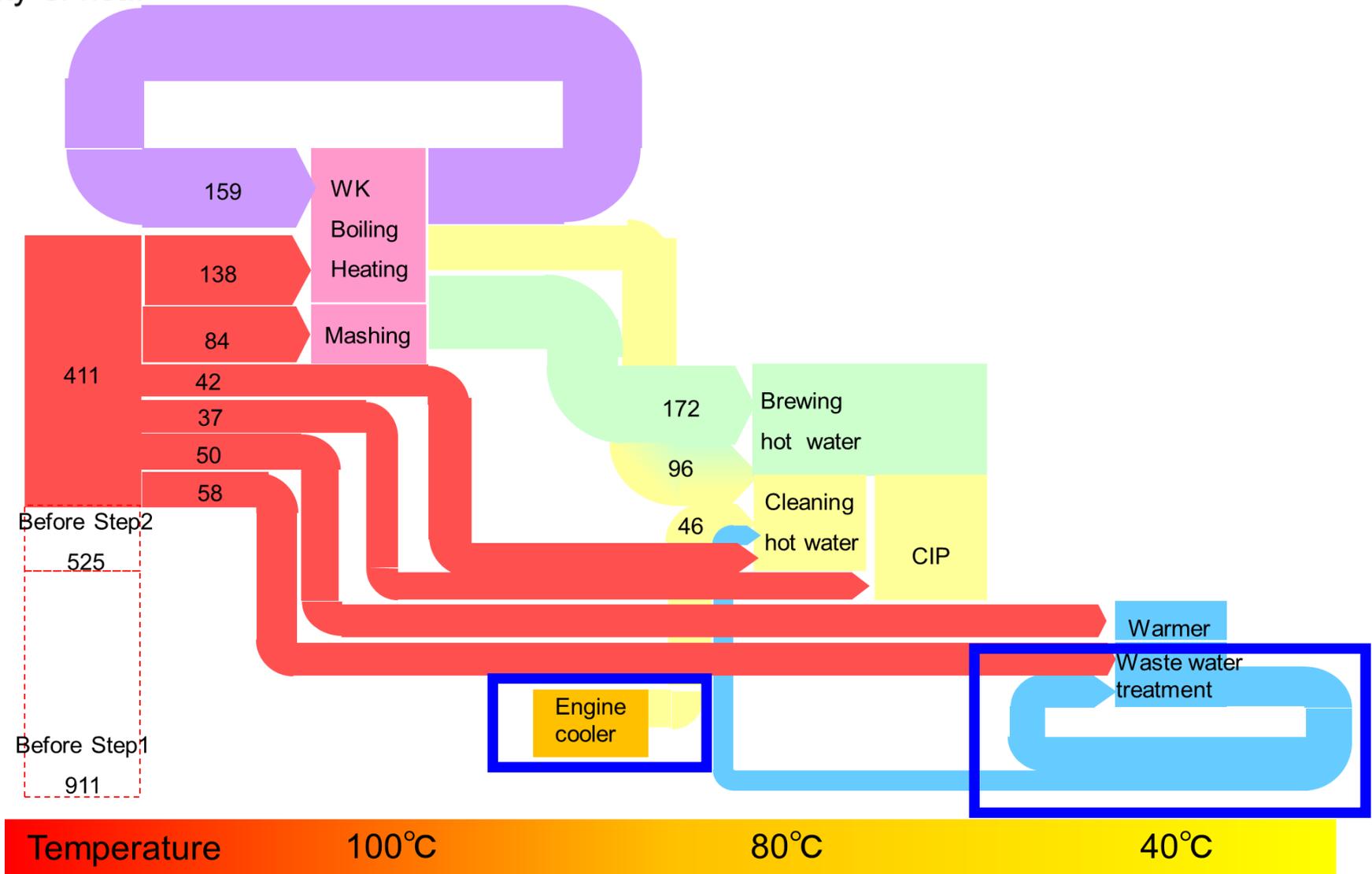


Correlation in the heat amount of Industrial water and Effluent water temperature

# Energy Flow after Step 2

Quantity of heat

MJ/kl

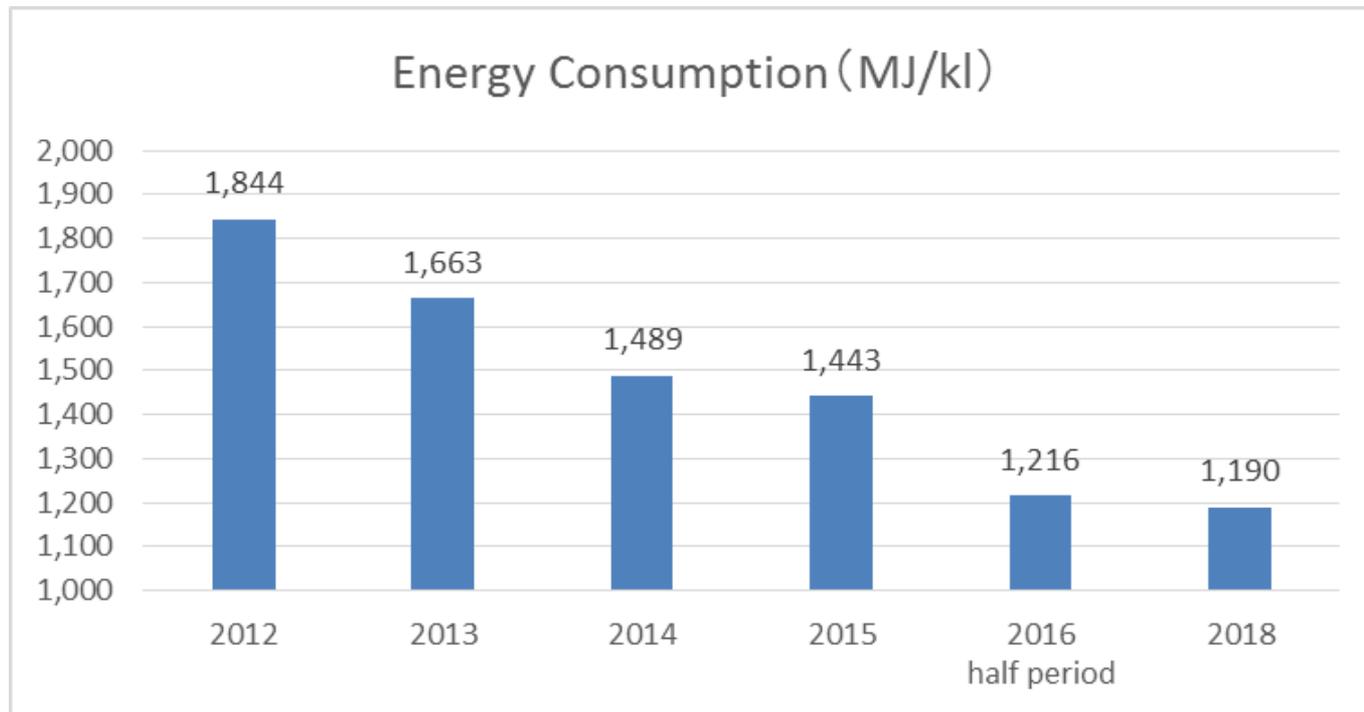


Increasing heat recovery from Trigeneration and Waste water treatment

- Consideration by analyzing the energy consumption in the brewery by TQ Analysis
- Installation of a closed 3-loop heat recovery system that can reuse heat in its own process to minimize the input energy
- Maximization of the heat recovery by minimizing the energy loss of between recovered heat and use heat

## Achieve the target 1,190MJ / kl in 2018

- Adjustment of the entire heat utilization
- Reduction of electric power consumption of air conditioning
- Reduction of electric power by saving water





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Thank you for your kind attention!