



Primary Gushing by “Gushing Task Force” (GTF)

Christina Schönberger

Guy Derdelinckx

Martina Gastl

Jean Titze

In collaboration with:

Sylvie Deckers

Tuija Sarlin

Overview

- Gushing and carbonated beverages
 - CO₂ properties
 - Hydrophobin properties
 - Mechanism
- Gushing Task Force consortium
 - Targets
 - How to join
 - Next activities

Definition : Gushing

- = overfoaming at bottle opening of a carbonated beverage without any shaking



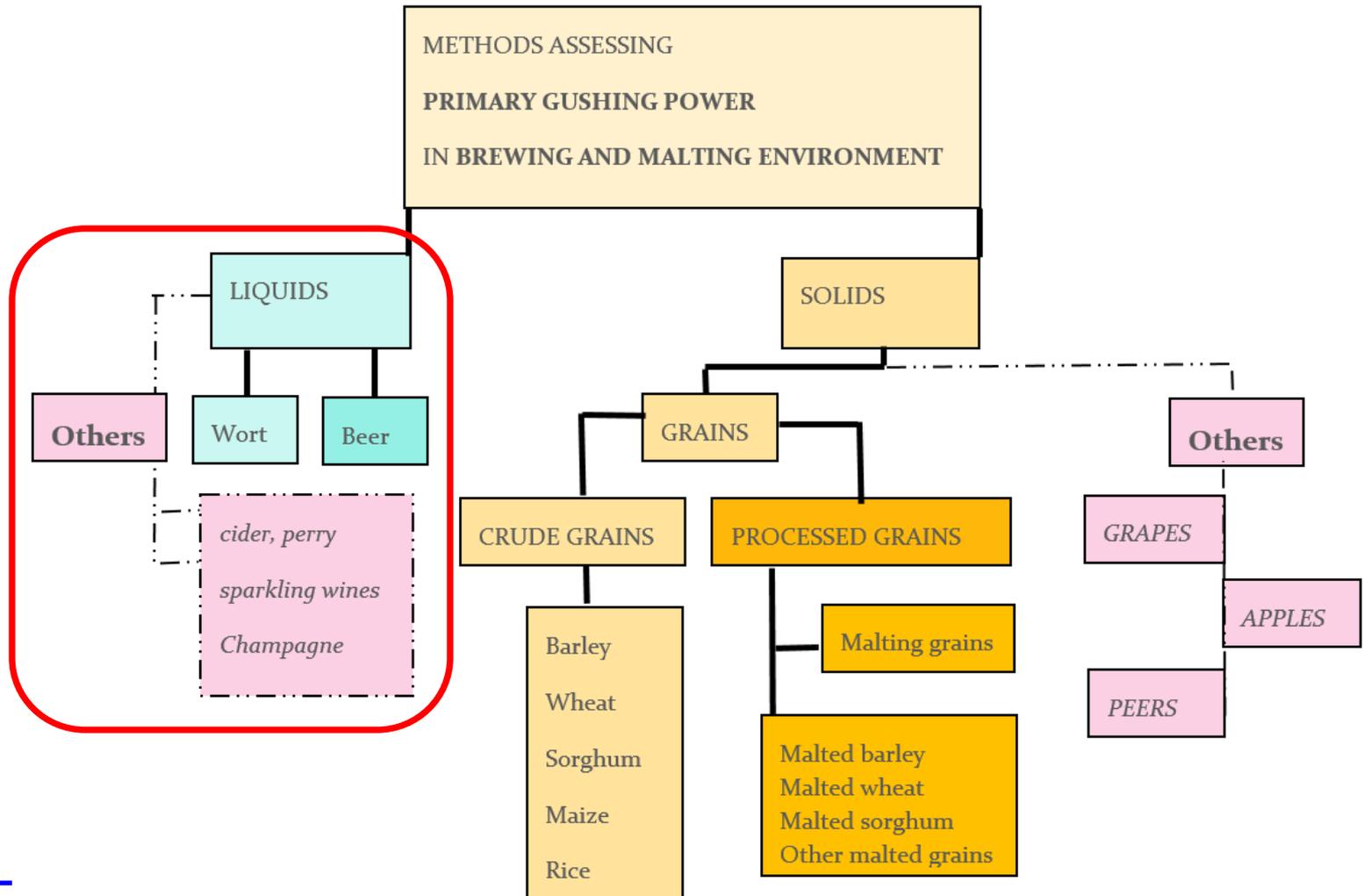
Carbonated beverages

= beverages containing dissolved CO_2



The Science of Beer

Work frame of GTF

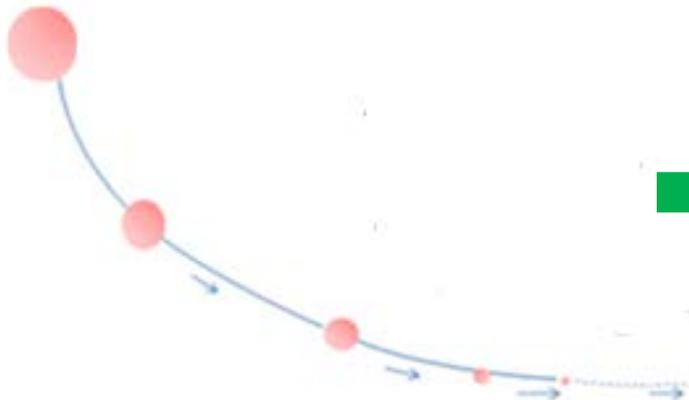


Properties of CO₂



- Hydrophobic gas
- Solubility : 1,66 g/L (P_{atm} , 25°C)
 - ⇒ 8-9 g/L (carbonated beverages)
- Injection and dissolution of gaseous CO₂ and/or production by refermentation

Critical diameter



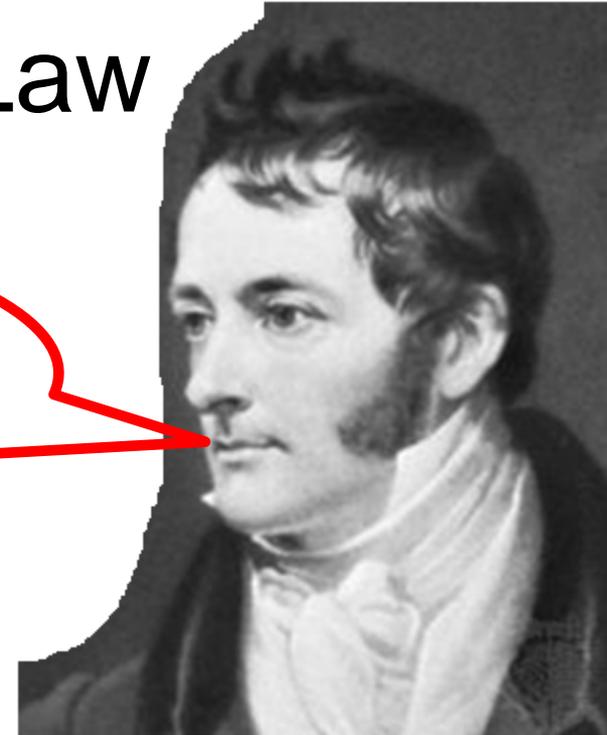
Pressure
(Henry's Law)

Dissolution

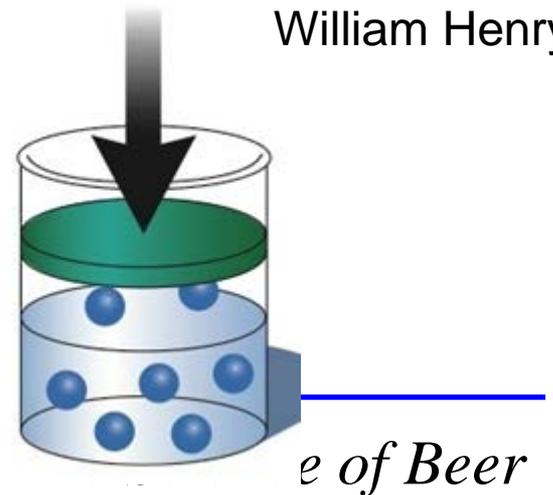
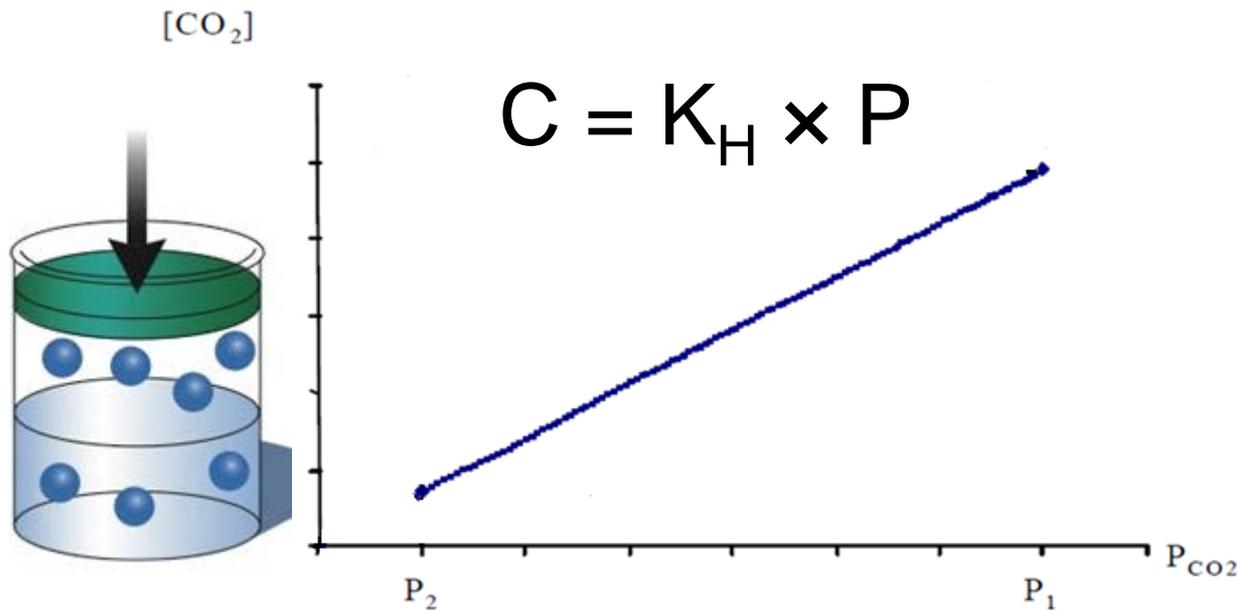
The Science of Beer

CO₂ properties: Henry's Law

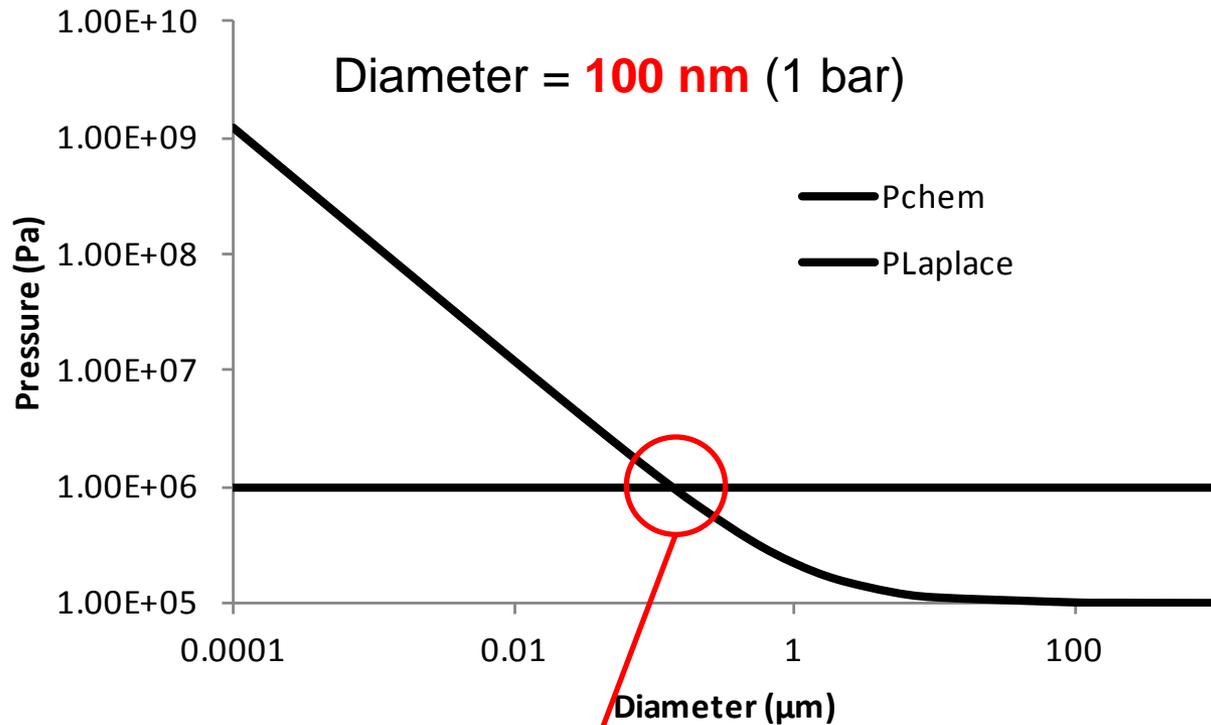
The solubility of a pure gas into a liquid is directly proportional to the partial pressure of that gas above the liquid



William Henry

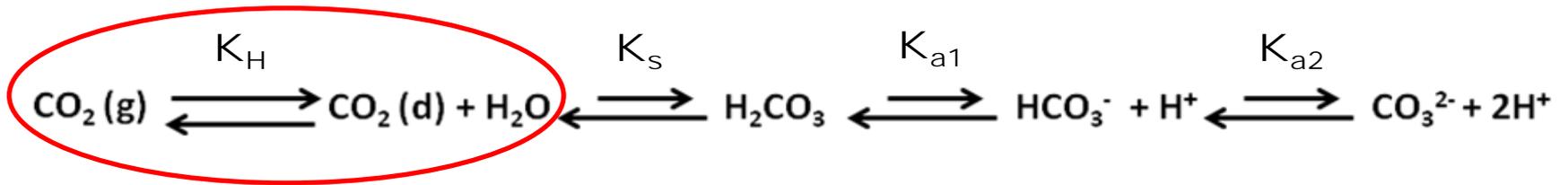


CO₂ properties: Critical diameter

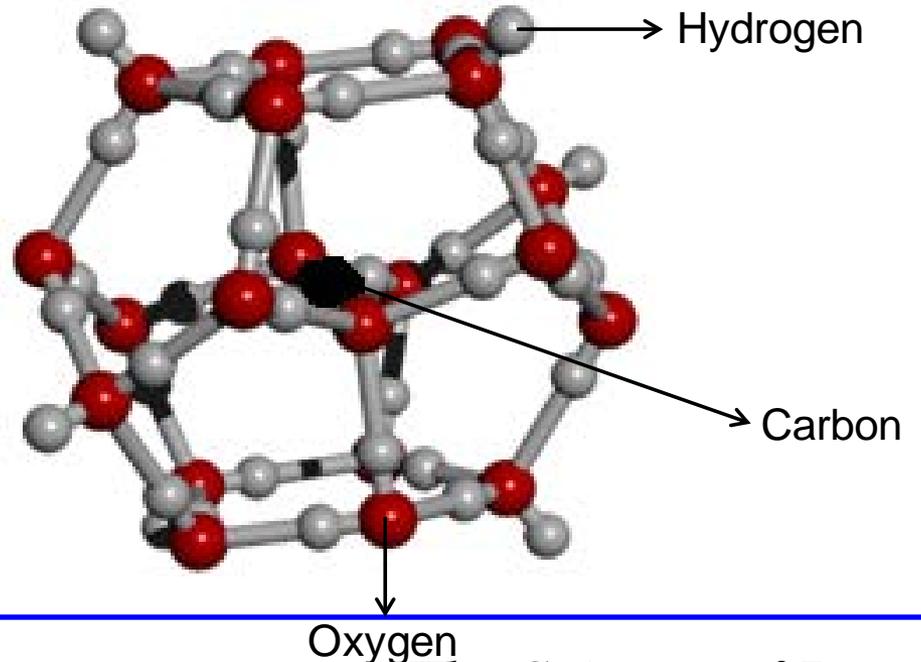
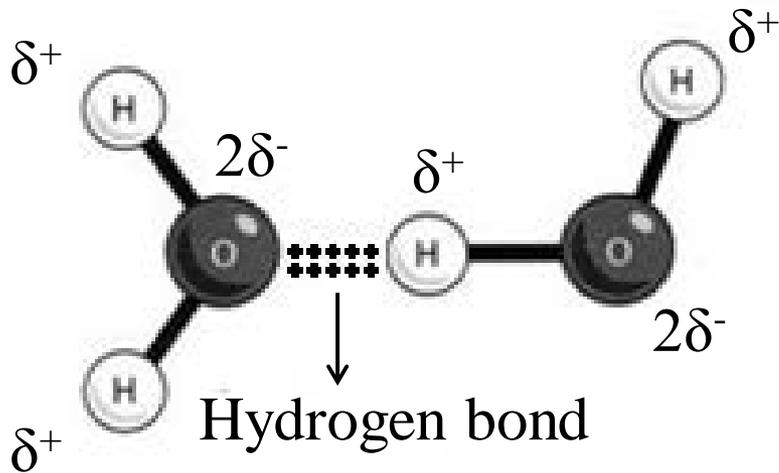


$$\text{Henry's Law } K_H \times C = P_{\text{ambient}} + 2 \gamma / r \text{ Young-Laplace's Law}$$

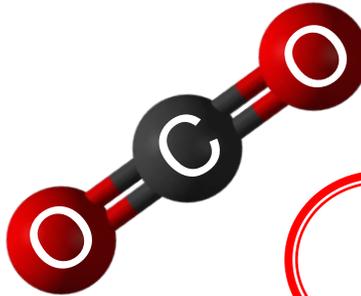
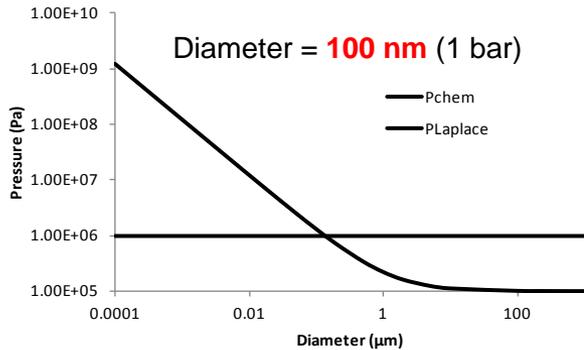
CO₂ properties: Hydrogen bond



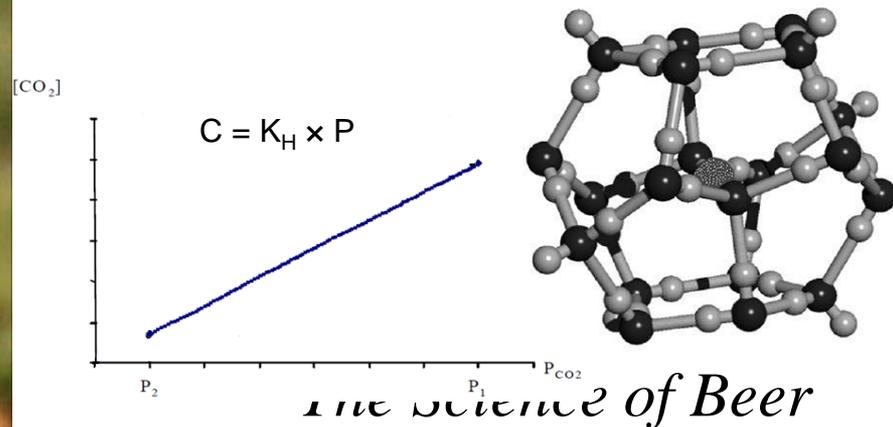
Henry's Law



CO₂ properties : Summary

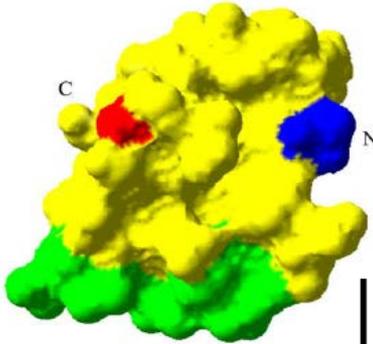


- Hydrophobic
- Critical diameter
- Pressure
- Hydrogen bond

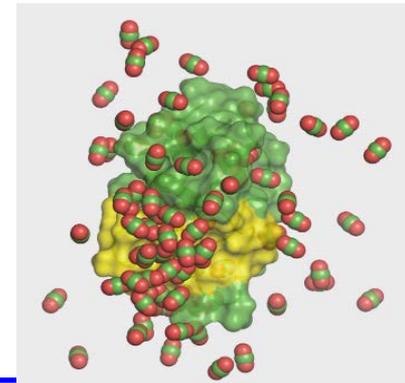
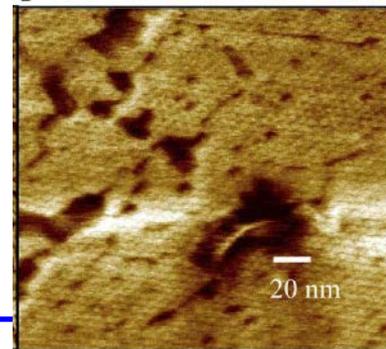


Properties of hydrophobins : Summary

Rath (EBC 2015): « *Fungal hydrophobins are present in detectable quantities in beers with gushing potential* »



- Hydrophobic patch
- Surfactant
- Elastic structure
- CO₂ interaction



The Science of Beer

EBC 2015 – Euromalt Gushing Project

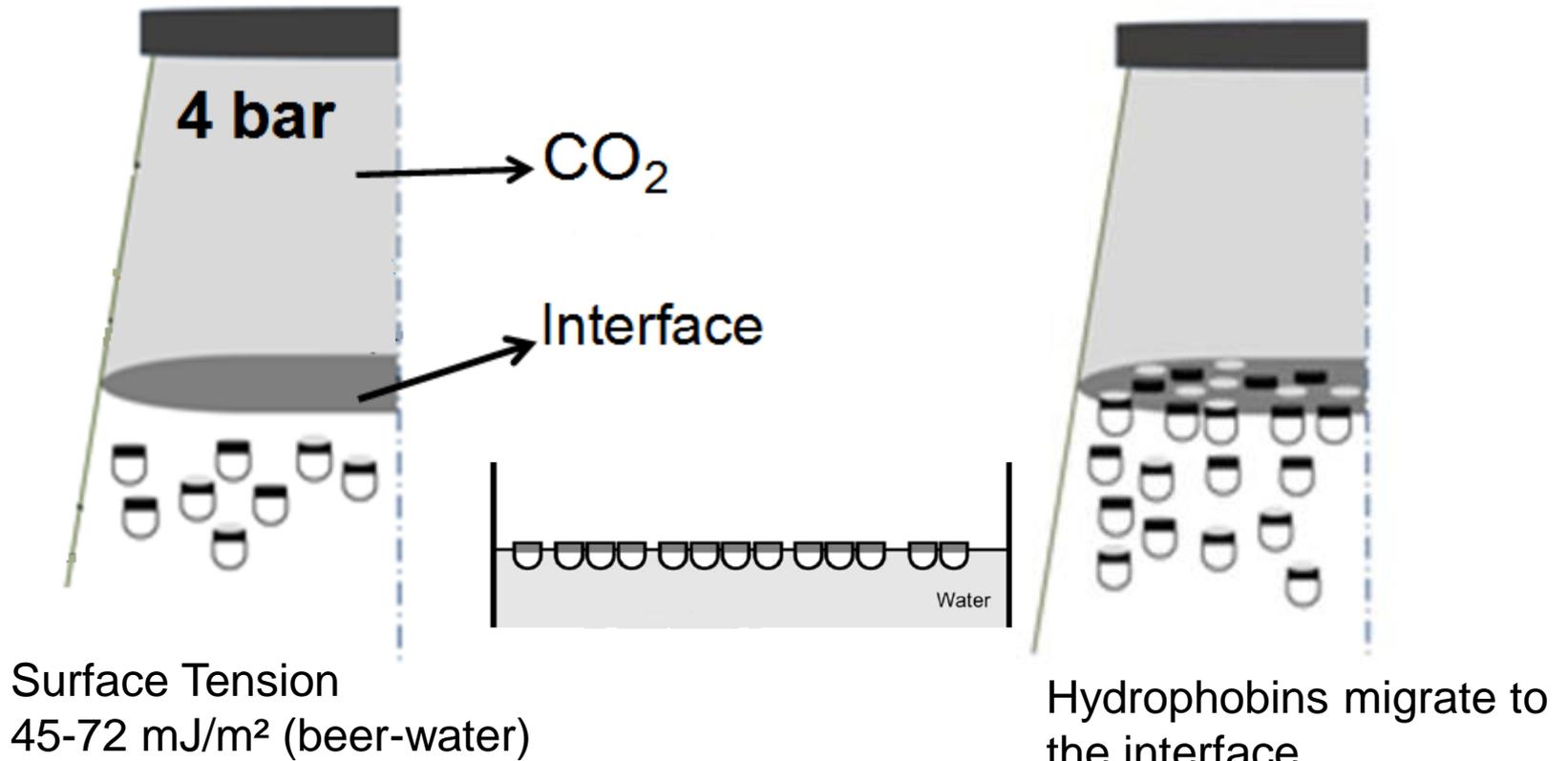
- « *No clear correlation between the concentration of fungal hydrophobins and overfoaming could be observed. It is unlikely that fungal hydrophobins are the sole cause of gushing. It was not possible to define an applicable hydrophobin threshold* »

Amount of hydrophobin µg/0.33 L beer	Amount of beer gushed (g)			
	<i>T. reesei</i> HFBI	<i>T. reesei</i> HFBII	<i>F. poae</i>	<i>Nigrospora</i> sp.
0.01	0	0	nd	nd
0.1	0	0	nd	nd
1	10	12	0	0
10	189	192	0	66
45	nd	nd	27	183
60	nd	nd	80	nd

nd = not determined.

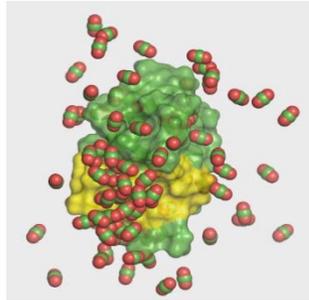
Sarlin et al., 2005

Mechanism

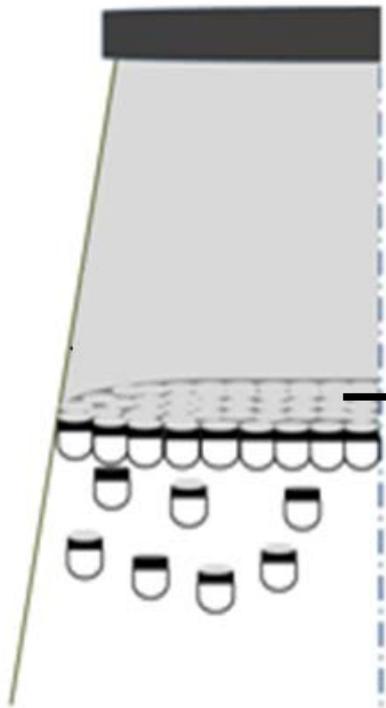


Mechanism

Contamination and concentration
⇒ Self-assembly

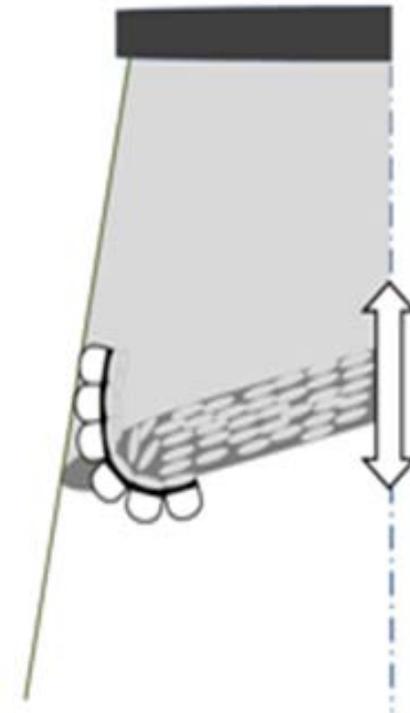
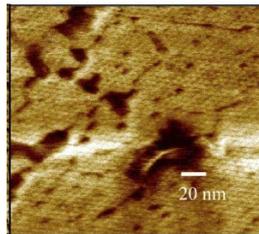


Overpressure in the bottle neck
Interaction hydrophobin - glass



Shaking

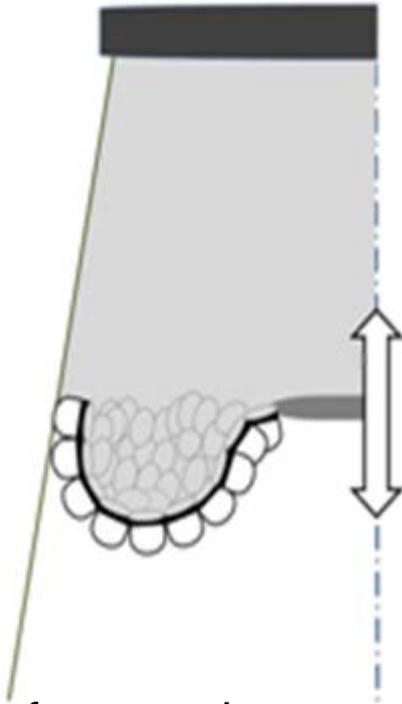
structure
Vertical
movement



Surface tension
 30 mJ/m^2

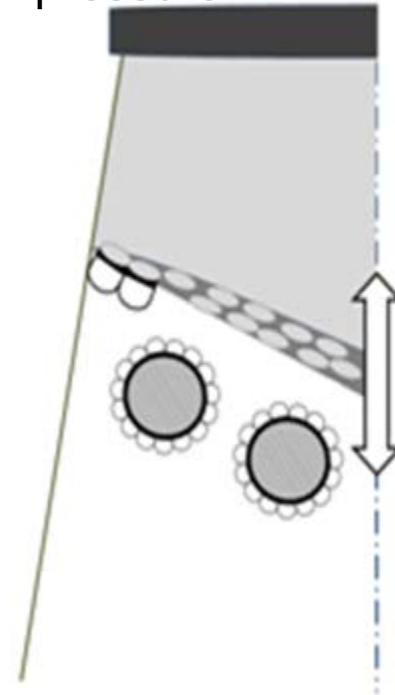
Mechanism

Formation of the nanobubble
Return to Henry's equilibrium

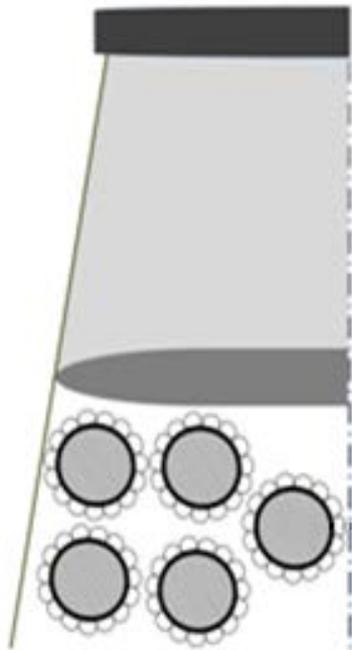


Surface tension
45-72 mJ/m² (beer-water)
30 mJ/m² with hydrophobin

Closing of the nanobubble
by Young-Laplace's
pressure

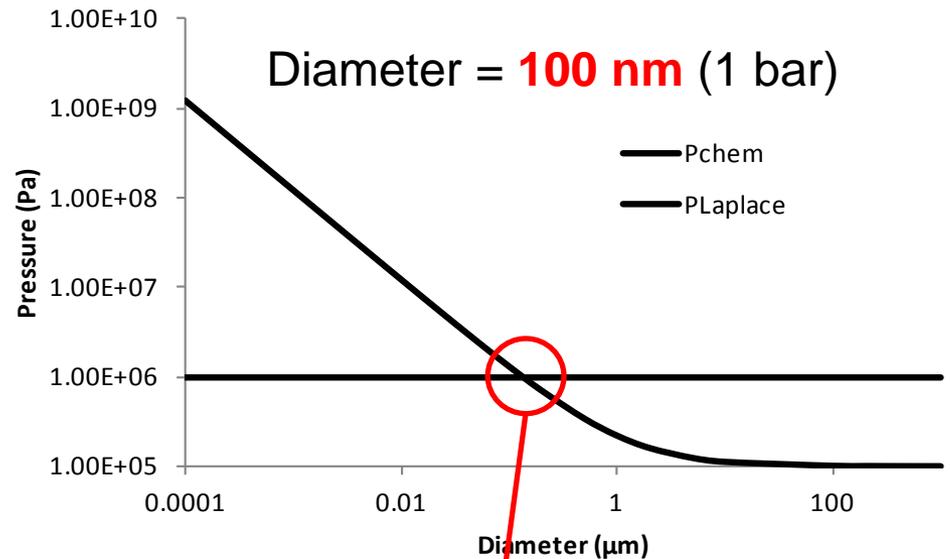


Mechanism



Diameter = 63 nm (4 bar)

Boyle-Mariotte's Law
($PV = cst$)



Diameter = **100 nm** (1 bar)

$$K_H \times C = P_{ambient} + 2\gamma/r$$

Henry's Law Young-Laplace's Law

Who is the true responsible

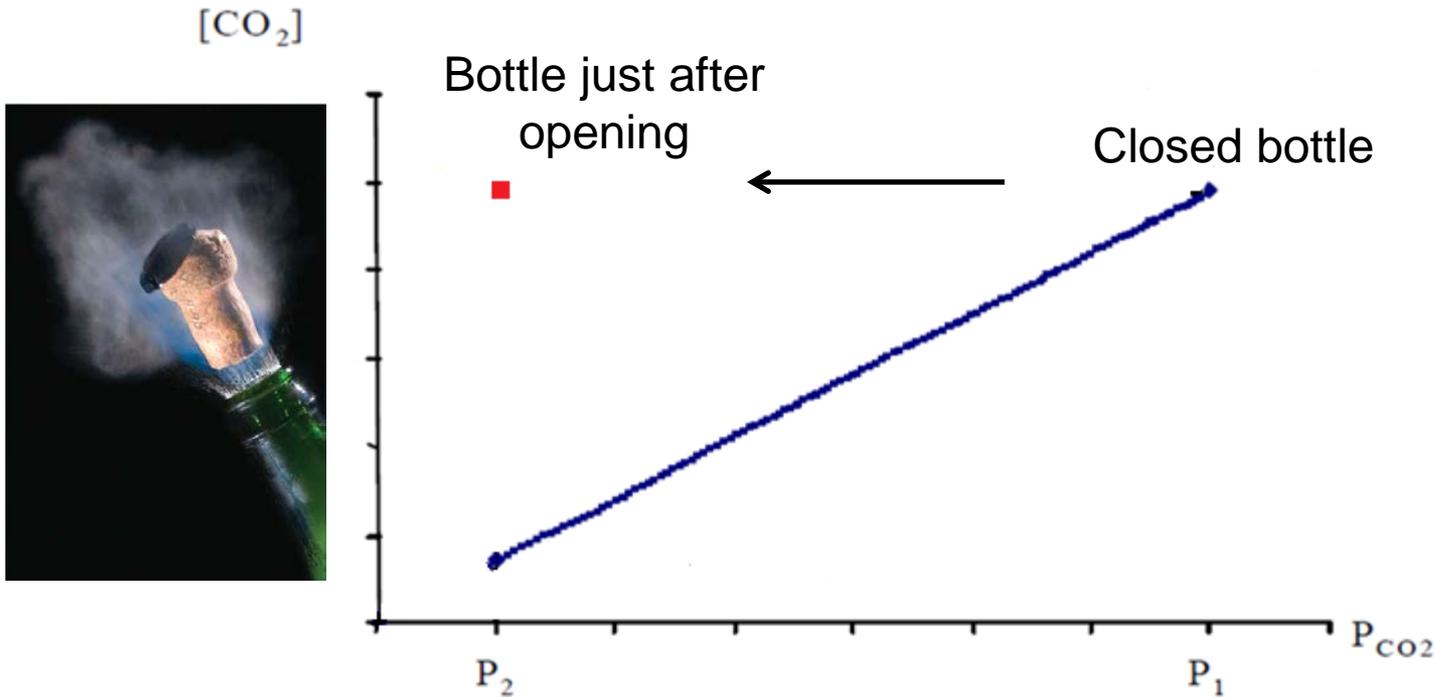


Precision of the definition

- Gushing = ~~over~~~~pa~~~~in~~~~e~~
= nucleation problem



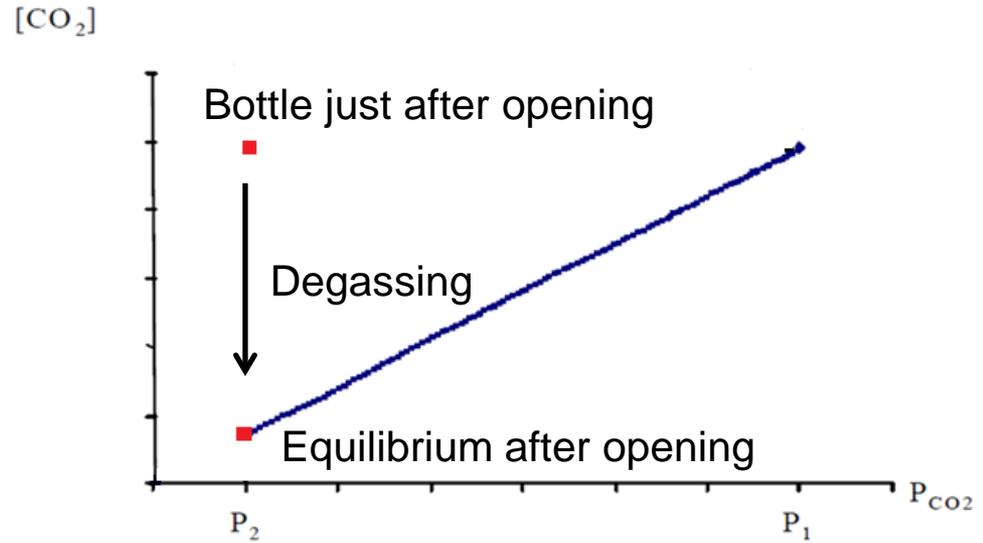
Henry's Law : Supersaturation



- $P_1 \rightarrow P_2$
- Concentration \approx } Supersaturation
(concentration at P_1 is higher than the concentration at equilibrium P_2)

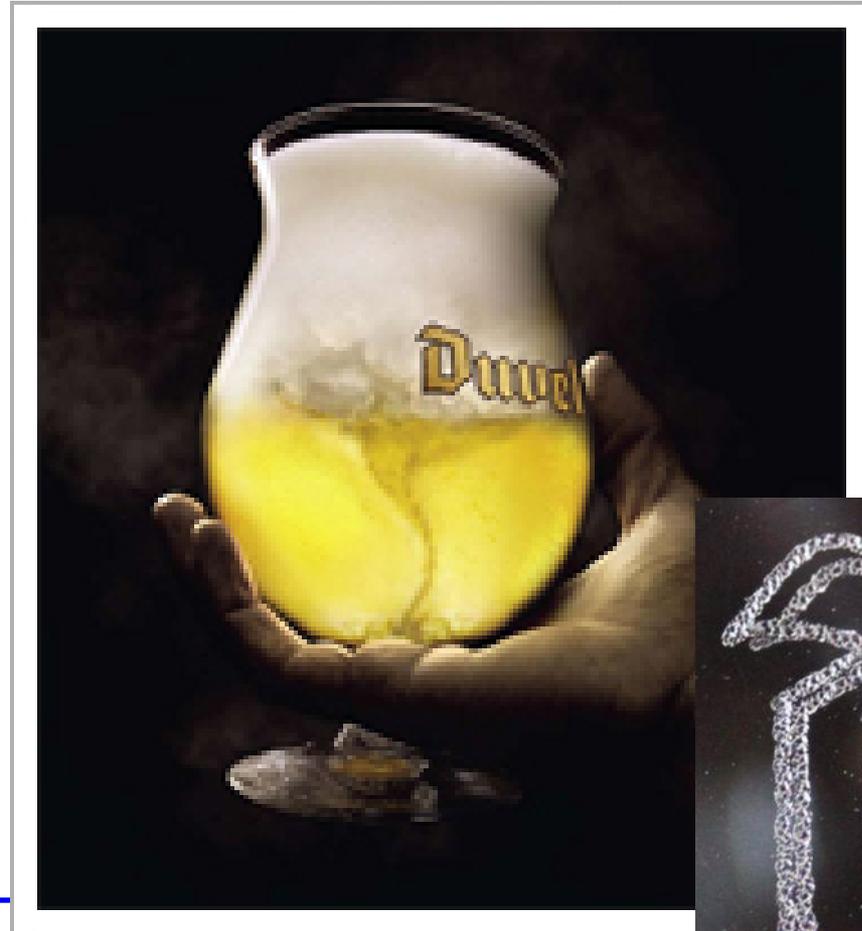
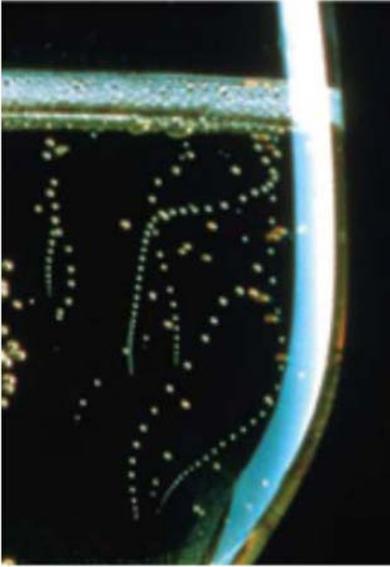
Henry's Law : Degassing

- Diffusion : Long



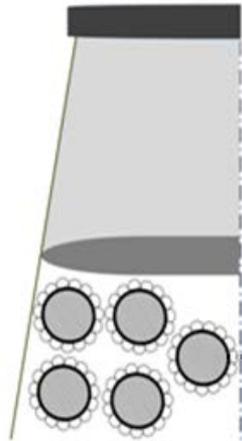
- Nucleation \Leftrightarrow Nucleation sites

Nucleation



The Sci

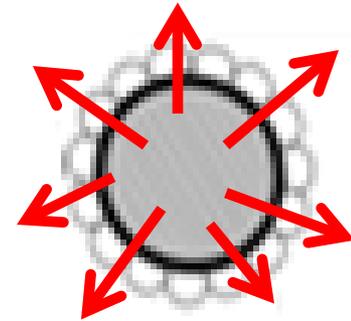
Primary Gushing : bottle opening



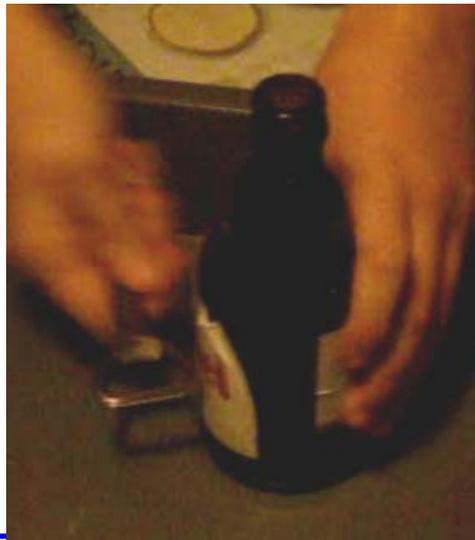
Depressurisation
4 bar \Rightarrow 1 bar



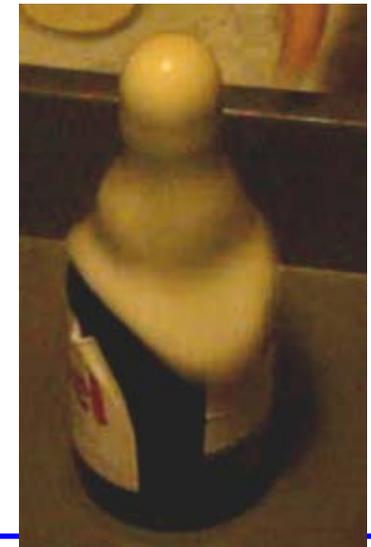
Explosion of
nanobubbles



or



=

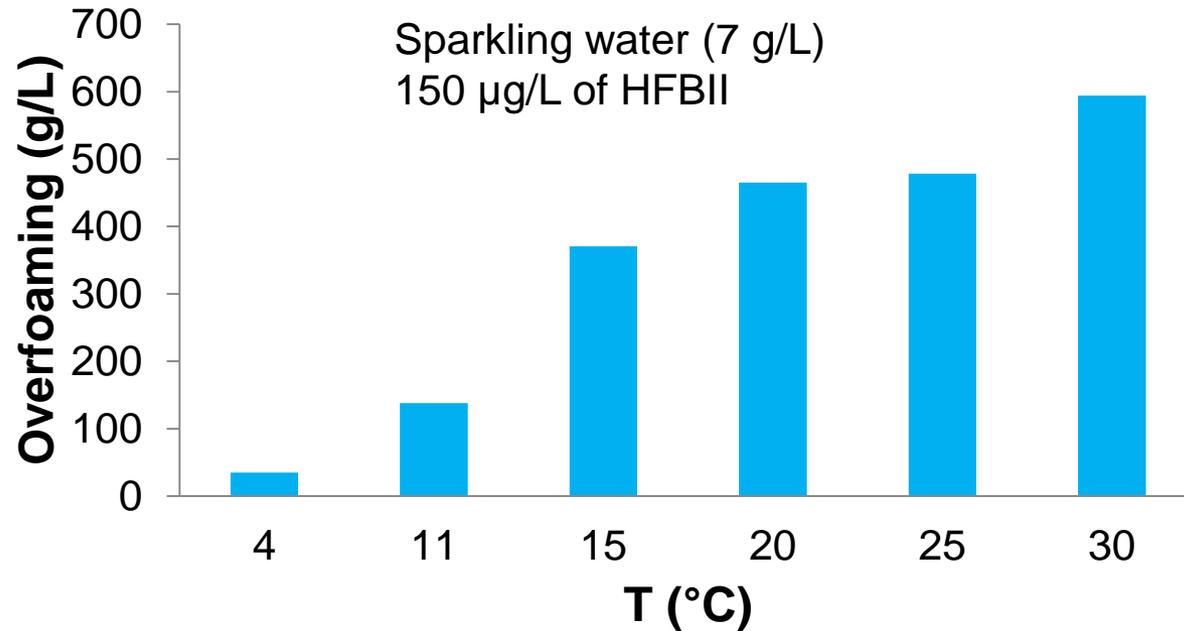


Breaking of the hydrogen bonds between water and CO_2
and liberation of CO_2

The Science of Beer

Effect of the temperature

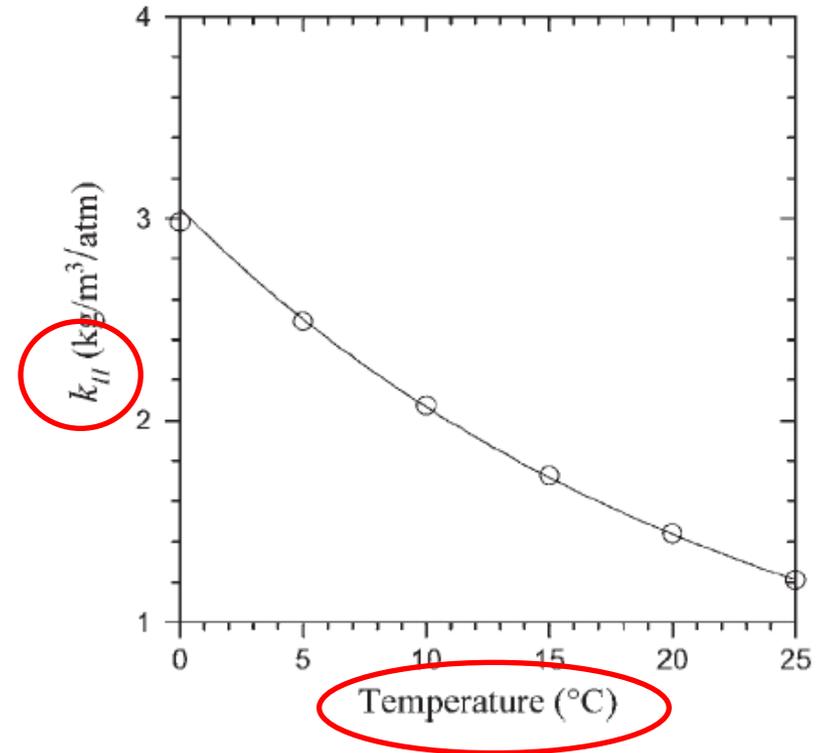
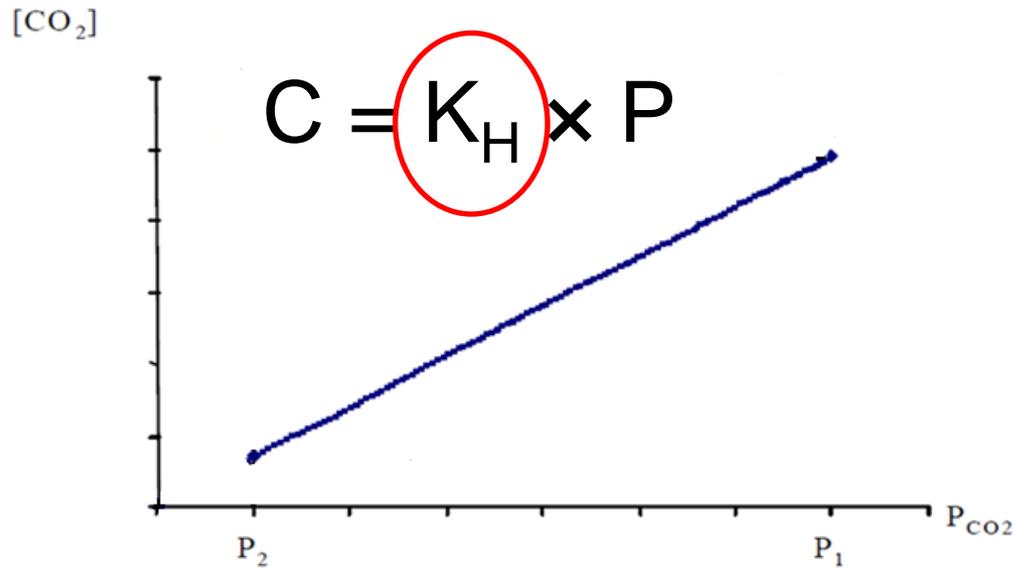
2°C



25°C



Henry's Law : Temperature



See also Poster 40

Targets of GTF

- Creation of a scientific forum of experts on “Primary Gushing”

Institutes involved : TUM, VLB, KULeuven, VTT, BLQ, IFBM, ICPF,...

YOU ARE WELCOME

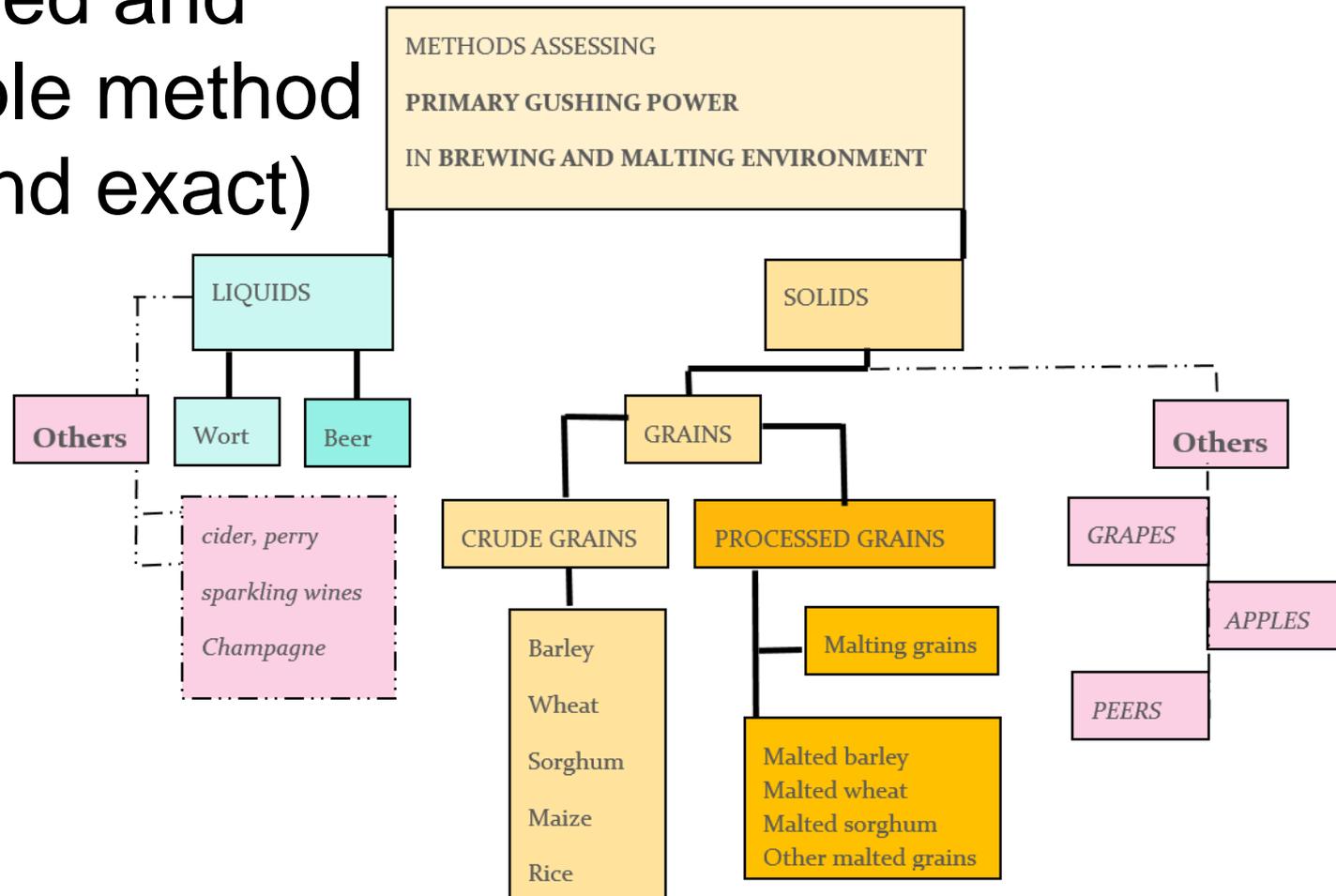
Targets of GTF

- Consensus about the scientific causes of “Primary Gushing” :
 - Physical
 - Chemical
 - Biochemical
 - Microbial

Targets of GTF

- Development of a standardized and reproducible method (precise and exact)

Rath (EBC 2015):
Further research will be required in order to arrive at a validated gushing predictive analytical method



How to join

- Everybody is welcome :

Scientific institutes, industries, individual gushing aficionados,...

- No registration fee

- Just send an email to :

- Christina.Schoenberger@johbarth.de

- Guy.Derdelinckx@biw.kuleuven.be

Next activities of GTF

- Invitation letter of GTF will be sent out by end of July 2015
- 1st Convention with Technical Program is planned for early December 2015 (Date not fixed yet)

Next activities of GTF

- Long term objectives :
 - Establish (inform about) methods (predictive and curative) for affected industries
 - Exchange scientific data that helps to understand better primary gushing

Thank you for your attention



Contacts:

Christina.Schoenberger@johbarth.de

Guy.Derdelinckx@biw.kuleuven



The Science of Beer